

IRMA TIMES
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Farmer and Oil Prospector

IRMA TIMES

IRMA
Centre of the Best Mixed
Farming territory and the
Richest Oil Field in Alberta.

Vol. 16; No. 19.

Irma, Alberta, Friday, June 3rd, 1932.

\$2.00 per year in advance; 5c per copy.

Won at Vermilion

The Junior baseball teams began the season with a bang, when they returned from Vermilion sports on the 24th with first prize in the 18 and under class, and second in the 15 and under. The 15 and under group began the day by defeating the Vermilion line up by 10 to 3, but in the finals were beaten by Mannville to the tune of 11 to 5.

The 18 and under secured the first scheduled game against St. Paul by default, which put them in the finals against Vermilion. This game proved to be fast and exciting and ended in Irma's favor 10 to 4.

The lineups were as follows:

15 and Under—
Bob Maguire, pitcher; Stan Gulltner, Catcher; Chas De Tro, 1st base; Ray Locke, 2nd base; Ralph Schonert, 3rd base; Ben Maguire, short stop; Dolton Herbert, c. f.; A. Glasgow, r. f.; Bob Gulltner, l. f.; Ralph Schonert, l. f.
18 and Under—

Larson, pitcher; Frank Maguire, catcher; Cliff Smallwood, 1 b; Clarence Barber, 2 b; Chas. De Tro, 3 b; Bob Maguire, s.s.; Stewart Fenton, l. f.; Ralph Schonert, c. f.; Stan Gulltner, r. f.

The boys wish to thank all the drivers who were kind enough to supply transportation for the day.

PAY LAST TRIBUTE

TO MRS. MCCORMICK

The funeral of Mrs. Malcolm McCormick, who was prominent in social and church work in Edmonton for 30 years, was held in the Edmonton Mausoleum Monday afternoon. A private service of a simple character was conducted by Rev. F. Scott Mackenzie, M.A., of First Presbyterian church, at the home of Dr. R. S. Broad. Mr. Mackenzie was assisted by C. Chapelle.

Later a public service was held in First Presbyterian church in which Rev. F. Scott Mackenzie, M.A., and Rev. G. H. Villett, of McDougall United Church, took part. Favorite hymns of Mrs. McCormick were sung and W. J. Hendra, an old family friend, sang a solo.

The pallbearers were D. Ross, J. C. McTavish, T. W. Hamilton, J. A. Fife, Angus McKenzie and Percy Love, all intimate friends of the family.

Many hundreds attended the service and among them were numbers of old timers who had known Mrs. McCormick during her life in Edmonton. Mrs. McCormick died at a city hospital on May 26th at the age of 79. She was born in the Isle of Mull, Scotland, in 1853. Among the mourners were her two sons, Arthur, of Bon Accord, and Roddick, of Vancouver, and two daughters, Mrs. R. S. Broad, Edmonton, and Mrs. T. W. Taylor, of Grande Prairie, a sister, Mrs. Malcolm McInnis, of Calgary. Many floral tributes were received from friends.—Bulletin.

LADIES AID

The June meeting of the Irma Ladies Aid will be held at the home of Mrs. Blakey. There will be car room for all who wish to go and all the members and friends are cordially invited to this the first summer meeting. Place of meeting, Mrs. A. Blakey, Strawberry Plains, Time, June 9th, Thursday.

The friends of Mr. and Mrs. D. P. A. McBeth will be pleased to hear they are on a vacation to England and Scotland, leaving Tessor, Saskatchewan on Monday, May 23rd.

TENDERS

Tenders wanted for repairing fence and cleaning stable. For particulars see J. C. McLean, Sec.-Treas., Education Point School, Irma, Alberta.

10-20c

LAWN SOCIAL POSTPONED

On account of the wet weather Wednesday, the Ladies Aid Lawn Social, at the Smallwood farm at Strawberry Plains has been postponed till next Wednesday, June 8th, at the same place. Everybody come and have a good time.

RECEIVED R. N. CERTIFICATE

Miss Maude A. Smallwood of Irma is receiving the congratulations of her many friends on having successfully passed the University of Alberta Board examinations and received her Registered Nurse certificate.

Valley U.F.W.A.

The May meeting was held at the home of Mrs. W. Russell, after the devotional exercise, the roll call was responded to by quotations of "Tributes to Mothers." Business was then discussed and reports of sick committee. It was moved that Mrs. E. Reese also Mrs. O. Lovig who have recently been quite ill, be sent refreshments of some kind. Mrs. R. McCracken gave as a love's reading entitled "Mothers Day". The rug for the conference is now completed. The gift was won by Ruby James and the contest donated by Mrs. Zipperer was won by Mrs. Tweedy. Mrs. J. James has kindly offered her home for the June meeting.

GREEN OATS FOR HAY

(Experimental Farms Note)

Oats cut green for hay is one of the most productive and possible the most certain of annual hay crops in the drier areas of Western Canada. Due to the short time this crop is growing it is also one of the best wild oat eradicators we have as the wild oats can be removed before they are ripe.

Oats for green feed may be sown at any time from early spring until the 1st of July with fair assurance of a crop, though May sowing will usually give the highest yield. Very late sowing is also likely to be badly rusted or touched with frost. To determine the best date at which to sow oats for green feed a test was conducted at the Experimental Station Rosthern, Saskatchewan, by sowing Banner oats at weekly intervals starting early in May. The last sowing was made in late June. All sowings were cut when the top kernels were turning yellow. The yields in tons per acre for a six-year average were as follows: 1st date, 2.25; 4th date 2.0.

DR. MURRY DENTIST

IN IRMA, FRIDAY, JUNE 17

Dr. Murray, Dentist, will be in Irma on Friday, June 17th for professional services.

Here and There

A spectacular high line trail ride about 7,000 feet above sea level from Banff to Lake Louise has just been inspected and found feasible by J. Murray Gibson and Jim Brewster. It is 27 miles west of Banff over timber line to a ridge looking down on the little known glacier-fed Taylor Lake, and includes the 7,000-foot contour to the Consolation Lake trail leading to Moraine Lake. It commands magnificent views of the glacial country north of the Canadian Pacific Railway, west as far as the Bow Lakes and south to Mt. Assiniboine. It is 60 miles long, and will probably be used for the annual official camping trip of the Trail Riders of the Canadian Rockies next year.

"I do not believe that the talking films will ever take the place of the legitimate stage. People still appear to be building ordinary theatres," said Lady Diana Maaners, famous English society beauty and equally famous as the heroine of "The Attraction" during her Toronto visit, who arrived at the Windsor street station, Montreal, recently, on her first visit to Canada.

An old obligation was recently liquidated by Canada when the sum of \$67,000 was paid to Commander Otto Sverdrup, famous Norwegian explorer, in return for the services rendered by him in his explorations and discoveries in the Arctic Islands. His researches extended over an area of about 300,000 square miles and have been of great value to Canada.

Latest official report on the field crops of Canada estimates the 1932 wheat crop at 238,850 bushels or about 11,000,000 bushels more than the previous official estimate made last September. 374,000,000 were grown in the Prairie Provinces. The crop is about 91,000,000 bushels more than in 1929.

Great increase in pork production in Canada on account of the grain situation was predicted by Hon. Robert Weir, Minister of Agriculture for Canada, at a recent banquet in Toronto given to the agriculturists business executives and government representatives on behalf of the Federal Government at the Royal Winter Fair, Toronto.

The salmon pack of British Columbia for the 1932 season is near 100,000 cases higher than the previous record of 132,000. The total pack this year is 2,142,712 cases. While in 1929 it was 1,947,157 cases. In 1928 it was 2,026,151 cases.

Avondale District

The Junior dance at Avondale was all that could be desired. Representatives from Fabyan, Strawberry Plains Silver Lake, Irma and every district around the community were in attendance. A good crowd, good music, good lunch and everyone having a good time. The Juniors are very grateful to their friends for helping to make the dance a big success.

Cynthia Nottingham, Annie Ford and Florence Allen went to Edmonton on Wednesday's train to attend the Farm Young People's week at the University, being delegates from Avondale Junior U. F. A. and U. F. W. A.

S. M. New and Simmons brothers are hauling grain from Avondale district.

C. H. Allen arrived on Monday to visit at J. Allen's in Avondale.

Mrs. McCready who has been a patient at Wainwright hospital returned to her home on Saturday. Mr. and Mrs. Wm. Prior and Mr. McCready motored to Wainwright for Mr. McCready though feeling real good is yet very weak.

Wainwright

Mr. D. McGowan, of Battleville, who was brought to hospital last week end for an operation for appendicitis, is now progressing nicely.

We are glad to know that Mrs. Williamson, of Fabyan, is now recovering nicely from her recent operation at an Edmonton hospital.

Mr. N. (Prince) Thornhill, of Leadore, Sask., who was formerly in charge of the Calgary Power Plant here, spent a few days in town over the weekend before leaving to motor to Vancouver where he plans to reside.

The grounds at the Federal building are being set out in a wonderful plan with regard to beautification and the laying out of the flower beds thereon is an added improvement.

Arrangements are now completed whereby a special degree team from the local Rebekah lodge will journey to Saskatoon next week to exemplify their beautiful work before the Grand Assembly of Saskatchewan, I. O. O. F.

It was a truly happy gathering which on Wednesday evening last in the Masonic hall gathered round the festive board in a farewell banquet to Mr. and Mrs. John Cuthbertson, who are leaving within the next few days to reside in Melville, Sask., to which appointment as manager of the Bank of Montreal there the genial John has been promoted.

According to all accounts, a large number of teams are planning to be here for the baseball tournament at the annual sports' day on July 1st at Wainwright. All the committees are working tooth and nail to make the 1932 celebration a worthy successor to former "annuals."

While driving to the city recently in his car Mr. Leslie Milner was suddenly seized with an acute attack of appendicitis at Tofield. He was taken to Edmonton by another traveler and rushed to hospital where an emergency operation only just saved his life. His parents were called to the city on this account, but we are glad to learn that the patient is now out of danger.

The third annual open tournament of the Wainwright golf club was held on Tuesday, May 24th and from every point of view was the most successful in the history of the local club. With over sixty entries competition in every event was very keen, visiting golfers coming from Edmonton, Biggar, Edgerton, Hughenden and Hardisty, the prizes being evenly distributed between visitors and local members.

The opening of fishing for speckled trout in the Maligne-Medicine Lakes waters of Jasper National Park on June 1st, attracted many notable anglers, among whom were Courtney Ryke Cooper, angler and outdoor writer, R. R. (Bob) Davis, of the New York Sun, Irvin Cobb, of magazine fame. Gene Tunney, world's heavyweight champion, is planning to fish in these waters during the season. Transportation service between Jasper Park Lodge and Medicine and Maligne lakes has been arranged and accommodation in established chalets will be augmented by Forest tents to care for the members of the angling fraternity.

Stampede

A Stampede that promises to be outstanding in every way is advertised to be held at Buckskin Plains, on the S. E. Quarter of Sec. 11-47-9, with 23 miles south of Mannville, and 9 miles north of Irma on Wednesday, June 22nd. A great variety of stampede events will take place, including bucking horses, wild cow milking, wild steer races, calf roping and hog tying, and other pastimes that cowboys delight in. There will also be foot races for children, pillow fights, tug-of-war, clown and trick roping. Four good ball teams will be on hand, and an open air pavilion has been erected for a big dance. See posters for further particulars.

Stampede

A Stampede will be held near the Battle River, Section 20-47-5, twenty miles northeast of Wainwright, one mile southwest of Kitscoty Bridge, on the Battle River, on Friday and Saturday, June 3rd and 4th. The promoters of the Stampede are Myers & Sons, of Wainwright. A full list of stampede events will take place, and there will be dancing each night.

STRONG POSITION SHOWN

BY BANK OF MONTREAL

Ready ability to meet rapidly changing conditions and at the same time maintain its uniformly strong position is shown by the Bank of Montreal in its statement of the affairs of the bank at April 30th. The statement which is the semi-annual one, appears elsewhere in this issue and is presented in an easily understandable form. It shows total assets at \$748,612,481, compared with \$786,897,706 a year ago. Of this amount quickly available assets are \$385,483,225, equal to 51.4 per cent of all liabilities to the public.

Included among these liquid assets is cash in vaults and in Central Gold Reserves amounting to \$78,491,119, equal to 11.67 of public liabilities. Every section of the statement reflects a policy of maintaining a strong liquid position through a period of unusual trade conditions and also indicates the readiness with which the Bank will be able to meet any demands that may develop from its customers.

Liquid Position Strong

The most important change in liquid assets is represented by an increase in government and other bonds and debentures to a total of \$228,901,146. These are recognised as gilt-edged securities, the greater portion of which mature at early dates. Included among them are Dominion and Provincial government securities of a value of \$174,730,246, up from \$149,226,625 a year ago. Call loans outside of Canada are \$20,323,324, and are secured by bonds, stocks, and other negotiable securities of greater value than the loans and represent money quickly available without any disturbing effect on conditions in Canada.

Call loans in Canada, secured by bonds and stocks of greater value at current quotations than the loans stand at \$5,645,610, as compared with \$11,347,487 at the same date last year. The total of current loans made to manufacturers, farmers, merchants and others, is reported at \$356,572,388.

Deposits have held up remarkably well under prevailing conditions. Total deposits are reported at \$626,701,081.

Total assets of \$748,612,481 are available to meet payment of liabilities to the public of \$672,310,682, which leaves an excess of assets over these liabilities of \$76,301,599.

Profit and Loss Account

The profits for the six months amounted to \$2,589,292.70 as compared with \$2,771,753.71 for the corresponding period last year. The profits were distributed as follows: dividends, \$2,160,000.00; provision for taxes Dominion Government, \$228,316.28, and reservation for bank premises, \$400,000.00, leaving a balance of \$100,976.42. This when added to the balance carried forward at the end of the fiscal year brought the total credit of profit and loss to \$1,204,403.37.

Fabyan

Mr. F. W. William, of Vancouver, the new vice-president of the Fabyan Petroleum is here looking over the leases. We hope he is going to start operations.

We sure had a dandy rain but from north.

Mr. Barton and party of Jarow had the misfortune to have his car skid on the highway a couple of miles out of Fabyan, twisting his steering gear, and had to call Mac's Service in the nice shower Tuesday evening.

Mrs. B. Williams is on the mend very rapidly and expects to be home Sunday after her operation. We wish her speedy recovery.

The boys are keeping the roads warm hauling grain to Fabyan.

So gossip this morning was that some one saw Walter Adams wandering around at 3 a.m. and she was coming up the track at sixty per. Guess!

ROCK FORMATION

NORTHERN ALBERTA

INDICATES PETROL

OTTAWA, May 27.—Rock formations in the northern section of Alberta indicate possibilities of oil in commercial quantities. This opinion was expressed here today before the Royal Society of Canada when a number of geologists described the districts of Mountain Park, Peace River, Wainwright and Viking as containing marine sediments. This would indicate the district once formed a part of the vast ocean that covered what now form the three prairie provinces. The rock formations are about 150,000,000 years old.

Announcement is made of special low rate fares good from noon June 2nd until the following Monday, on the railways, for the King's Birthday holiday. In order to give Canadians a chance of enjoying the long weekend which this holiday, falling on a Friday, permits, arrangements have been made to provide return tickets at the rate of one and a quarter times the first class one way fare between all points in Canada and to the United States border points. The going portions of these special tickets will be good from noon on Thursday, June 2nd, to noon on Sunday, June 5th, and the return portion good until June 6th.

WARNING RE MUSHROOMS

It doesn't pay to guess as to the edible qualities of mushrooms and other fungi which grow in abundance in all parts of Canada from early June until the heavy frosts of fall destroy them. H. T. Gussow, the Dominion Botanist, in his very complete book "Mushrooms and Toadstools" states, "Let us most emphatically state that a knowledge of fungi is the only safe means of distinguishing edible fungi from poisonous." There are essentially only two classes of mushrooms which are deadly poisonous, the Fly Amanita and the Destroying Angel or Death Cup. The Fly Amanita is distinguished by a bright yellow or orange coloured top dotted with white specks; while the Destroying Angel is characterized by a deadly paleness. Each of these classes have three clear danger signals which anyone can readily recognize. The first is a permanent white gill; the second is a collar at the top of the stem; and the third is the serrated rings or cup at the base.

PLANE ACCIDENT

KILLS TWO MEN

Horrified Crowd Sees Victims Hurled Through Propeller Blades

Prince Albert, May 31.—Hurled through the propeller blades of a home-made aeroplane in which they were making a flight, Walter Middleton, 50, Shellbrook elevator man, and Arthur Prosser, 45, Shellbrook builder, were instantly killed at Bright Lake.

The third man aboard the craft was the builder, Oswald Tweed, also of Shellbrook, who escaped injury. Thrown clear of the propeller blades, he fell into the lake, and then swam ashore.

A horrified crowd lined along the lake shores witnessed the tragedy.

Mr. Middleton, referred to in the above dispatch was well known to the Irma old timers. Some years ago he acted as buyer for the Security Elevator Company at their Irma Elevator.

WEEKLY REVIEW PROV. MARKETS

BEEF—Trading at Edmonton has been brisk, with prices showing steady to 25c higher as compared with last week. Receipts fair. Choice heavy steers made \$4.75@5.05; choice light \$4.75@5.25; good \$4.50@4.75; medium from \$4@4.50; common \$2.50@3.50.

FEEDERS, STOCKERS—Trading in this market is dull and draggy, with feeder steers making from \$3.50; stock steers \$2.50@3.50; stock heifers from \$2.50@3.50, and stock cows \$2.25@2.75.

Bacon hogs, fed and watered, brot \$3.15@3.25 on the Edmonton market this week. Selects at from \$3.65@3.75 and butchers \$2.65@2.75.

SHEEP—Edmonton receipts light, with prices holding unchanged. Yearlings \$4@5; ewes \$3@4; lambs from \$6@6.75.

HAY—Supply of No. 1 hay practically cleaned up at country points, and although demand not large, this condition has strengthened market. \$12; alfalfa No. 1, 2nd cutting, \$12, on track at shipping point. City markets finding good trade, but supplies light. They quote baled upland at prices. Upland, \$8@9; timothy, \$10 \$11@12, and loose, \$12 per ton, delivered.

FEED OATS—Undertone of market fairly firm, with price steady at 25c per bushel. Deliveries being made as required.

GREENFEED—Good demand, but owing to condition of roads receipts are light; quality good. Price steady at \$9 per ton, delivered.

IRMA BRANCH

CANADIAN LEGION B.E.S.L.

An executive meeting of the above branch is called for June 6th at 8 p.m. at Com. Coles office.

The Woman's Auxiliary, Canadian Legion, B.E.S.L. will hold their regular meeting at the home of Mrs. J. P. Veend, June 6th at 8 p.m.

MUNICIPAL HAIL INSURANCE

Application forms for Municipal Hail Insurance are now available and can be had from the Secretaries Office of any purchaser of land can insure against hail and the premiums collected entered as taxes.

Chas. Wilbraham, Sec.-Treas. M. D. Battle River, Irma, Alta.

NOTICE TO CREDITORS

In the Estate of GROVER FRANKLIN ARNOLD late of the Post Office of Irma, in the Province of Alberta, Farmer, Deceased.

NOTICE is hereby given that all persons having claims upon the estate of the above named Grover Franklin Arnold who died on the 15th day of January A.D. 1932, are required to file with Mrs. Margery Arnold, Irma, Alberta, by the 2nd day of July, A.D. 1932, a full statement duly verified of their claims and of any securities held by them, and that after that date the executrix will distribute the assets of the deceased among the parties entitled thereto having regard only to the claims of which notice has been so filed or which have been brought to her knowledge.

Dated this 16th day of May A.D. 1932.

CLIFTON G. PURVIS, Solicitor for Mrs. Margery Arnold, Executrix, Irma, Alta.

3tc

C. N. R. TIME TABLE

No. 1 leaves Irma 6:27 A.M. and arrives in Edmonton at 10:10 A.M. No. 2 leaves Edmonton 5:15 P.M. and arrives at Irma at 8:36 P.M.

Take advantage of the Low Week End rates, Saturday morning till Monday evening, \$4.75 return to Edmonton.

—J. R. Whyte, Agent.

GET YOUR SHOES AND HARNESS

REPAIRED BY

STEVE HLYNKA

Irma, Alberta

The 40th Anniversary of

"SALADA" TEA

For 40 years SALADA has given the finest quality in tea. Present prices are the lowest in 15 years.

Cellophane.

Notwithstanding the present state of financial and economic uncertainty prevailing throughout the world, resulting, as it does, in huge business losses, unemployment, and much suffering, which, in turn, leads to general discouragement, the fact remains that the world continues to progress, and when we overcome our present difficulties, and proceed to profit by the lessons of this experience through which we are now passing, the world will be a better place than ever before.

The work of the scientists proceeds apace; important discoveries which will have a far-reaching effect throughout the years to come are being made, new inventions are developed, and brought to a high state of efficiency, — all of which will add to the sum total of human comfort, convenience and prosperity in future years.

Let us take just one example, and it is one in which Canada should be especially interested and from which it will unquestionably largely benefit. Canada enjoys vast forest wealth. It is one of the richest countries in the world in this respect. For many years the forests of Canada were looked upon as yielding wealth in only one form, namely, lumber. And even in this crude form billions of wealth were produced. Later, the value of our forests as a source of supply for the making of pulp, out of which paper is manufactured, came to be realized, and inasmuch as there are great rivers and waterfalls adjacent to many of our great forest areas, Canada in a few short years became one of the largest manufacturers of newsprint paper in the world, and is today the largest exporter of that everyday article of use.

Scientific men kept on working, and now the spruce trees of Canada not only supply us with lumber, and the countries of the world with paper, but from these same trees comes rayon silk, now manufactured in such quantities that silk hosiery, silk underwear, silk blouses, and many other articles of wearing apparel are worn by the masses of the people, instead of being a luxury only for the rich.

Nowadays when you buy a cigar you find it wrapped up in a little humidor all its own, in smooth, glossy, transparent, but tough kind of material, which is both moisture and dust proof. Candies, cakes, razor blades, cosmetics, articles of clothing, fruits and spices, in a word, almost everything where it is vitally important that the article should be kept clean, fresh and sanitary, comes to you wrapped in this substance, called cellophane.

And what is cellophane, which has almost over night come into such general use? It is the old spruce tree in a new form. In fact, cellophane and rayon silk is one and the same thing, the only difference resulting from the methods of manufacture. The magazine of Canadian Industries Limited, manufacturers of both rayon and cellophane, explains as follows: "Basically, cellophane is the same as artificial silk differing from it only in the form it takes when it reaches the casting stage, where cellophane is cast in a sheet while the silk takes the shape of fine threads.

Not only is cellophane light in weight, sanitary in that it is dust proof and moisture proof, but because of its transparency it shows off the goods so wrapped, and thus becomes a sales agent. Tests have demonstrated that articles and products cellophane-wrapped command a much larger sale than the same articles when not so wrapped.

The use of cellophane is still in its infancy, but Canadian Industries Limited have such faith in it that they have just erected a million and a quarter dollar cellophane plant in the Province of Quebec. Women's hats are now made of braided, colored cellophane as one new use of the article, but what does the future hold? Will heavier, tougher grades ultimately replace glass in our windows? Will it be developed so that we can write on it with indelible inks and thus enable us to preserve records far beyond the life of ordinary paper? Who can tell, but without a doubt it will be used for many purposes at present unknown to us.

Thus does the world progress, even during times when seemingly things are slipping backward. There are always reasons for encouragement and confidence if we take the trouble to look for them. Cellophane is but an illustration, but in itself it means an entirely new industry, putting to more profitable use one of Canada's great natural resources.

Wanted To Be A Lifeguard

So the Prince Of Wales Sent A Real Uniform To London Boy

Peter Garvie, a little boy in a London hospital, who wanted to be a lifeguard, was told by a nurse, as he was having several stitches taken out of a wound, that "lifeguards don't cry."

"Perhaps if you won't cry the Prince of Wales will make you one of his lifeguards," she said.

The prince visited the hospital a few days later and the little fellow called out: "I want to be a lifeguard." The nurse told the prince how brave the boy had been.

Two days later, a little lifeguard's uniform, complete in every detail, was sent to Peter Garvie with a card: "From the Prince of Wales."

Altar For St. Patrick

On a high hill within a mile of the spot where St. Patrick landed from Rome 1,500 years ago, Ireland is to erect a great open-air altar.

The altar will cost £50,000. The money is being raised among villages. The first sod was turned on St. Patrick's day during the celebrations of the 15th century.



Sharp Pains In His Heart Nerves In Bad Condition

Mr. Fred J. Chase, Thomson Station, N.S., writes: "I have used Milburn's Heart and Nerve Pills with wonderful results. My heart would beat so fast I would have to sit down when at work chopping in the woods. I had sharp pains in my heart when I would lie down at night."

My nerves were also in a very bad condition, but after using two boxes of Milburn's Heart and Nerve Pills I feel just fine, and am fourteen pounds heavier than I have been for years."

Sold at all drug and general stores, or mailed direct on receipt of price by The T. Milburn Co., Ltd., Toronto, Ont.

Mountain Pilgrimage

Yearly Pilgrimage To Shrine Of St. Patrick On West Coast Of Ireland

Perhaps the most unusual of all pilgrimages is that made annually to the mountain-top shrine of St. Patrick on the high, bare, cone-shaped mountain which bears his name and which overlooks Clew Bay, County Mayo, on the west coast of Ireland.

Additional interest is lent to the pilgrimage this year because the ceremonies to be held on Sunday, July 31st, will celebrate in honor of the 1500th anniversary of the arrival of St. Patrick in Ireland.

The pilgrimage is made yearly by many Canadians and Americans—so many in fact that the Cunard Line for several seasons has devoted a special sailing to this purpose, the ship calling at Galway, a short distance from Westport, the starting point for the gruelling, rocky climb up the mountain, long known as Croagh Patrick, whose peak stands 2,510 feet above the level of the sea.

According to tradition it was from this mountain that St. Patrick drove all the serpents from Ireland into the sea, never to return.

The pilgrimage up the side of the holy mountain, where St. Patrick spent the forty days of Lent in penance, fasting and prayer, 1500 years ago, begins on Saturday evening any time between six o'clock and midnight, daylight lasting close up to this time. Young people make the ascent in three hours or less, while the older people take much longer, resting frequently during the journey. Torch-lights are carried by many to light the way and guard against precipitous falls. Often the crowd breaks into a hymn to make the walking easier or to help them to forget the difficulty of trudging over the stony paths. For the climb up the last two hundred yards before reaching the summit the pilgrims remove their shoes and finish the journey barefooted. Many of the more religious make the entire climb without foot protection.

St. Patrick was seventy years old when he first climbed the mountain. Now many a pilgrim of the same age makes the journey, taking a keen pride in this initiation of a part of the rigid Lenten penance of the patron saint of Ireland. There is still a thrill for them in kneeling where St. Patrick knelt fifteen centuries ago.

An odd thing about the pilgrimage is that rarely does any one turn back. Men and women using crutches finally reach the summit, taking five or more hours to make the ascent. Old folks go hand-in-hand, one helping the other. Girls with tender feet start the climb with old shoes to guard against the thousands of pieces of chipped stones, which cover hundreds of acres of the mountain side. These shoes are worn to shreds long before the summit is reached. Yet no one ever falters. Everybody goes on, just as if there was to be no returning back.

By six o'clock in the morning the half-acre summit of the mountain is crowded and so are the slopes, especially the protected side, should a chill wind be blowing. The masses begin at 6 a.m. and continue to be repeated until noon. As a rule about thirty priests celebrate the services in the oratory or little church, that tops the summit of the mountain. As many as six thousand receive communion.

Although the climb up Croagh Patrick is considered the most strenuous pilgrimage in the world, it is generally agreed that the views from the top are so superb that the visitor, as well as the pilgrim, feels that the journey is well worth the effort.

Wise mothers who know the virtues of Mother Graves' Worm Exterminator always have it at hand, because it proves its value.

Might Be Harder

The job of being wife to a genius is not all lavender, as witnesses the rejoinder of a notable victim to a gush ring young thing who gurgled: "It must be a wonderful to be the wife of a genius."

"Well," said the wife, "he's just as hard to get along with as any other damned fool!"

Would Be Great Boon

A French engineer and a French air line announce the development of a new and improved type of gasoline which has among its advantages the ability to remain non-inflammable to a temperature of about 100 degrees Fahrenheit.

A street car terminal, connected with the train level by an escalator, is to be constructed under the ground floor of the new central railway station in Milan, Italy.

The bulk of the world's shipments of canned crab meat are from Kamchatka.

AS SLIM AS AT 20

Still Fit and Active at 55

"I have been taking the small dose of Kruschen Salts every morning for the last three years. I wouldn't be without them in the house. I used to suffer with constipation and piles, but am never troubled in that way now. I am 55 years, and as slim as when I was 20. I have to work very hard, as I have my family and an invalid father to attend to, and I always say it's the Kruschen that keeps me fit."—M. S.

There's nothing like hard work and activity for keeping superfluous fat away. The trouble with most folks is finding the necessary energy. That is where Kruschen comes in.

After you have had your daily supply of Kruschen every morning for a couple of weeks you'll get what is known the world over as "That Kruschen Feeling."

The urge for activity will fill your entire being—you'll not be content to sit in the old arm chair after your day's work is done. You'll feel the spirit of youth within you—what a joyous feeling—you'll want to take long walks, play games and your heart will cease to be a hard-ship—it will become a pleasure.

Service Is Swift

Efficient Operators In Charge Of London's Overseas Telephone Exchange

London's overseas telephone exchange, recently opened, is a veritable "Tower of Babel" in a modern setting, for here telephone conversations are routed for the United States, Latin America, India, Japan, South Africa, Australia, New Zealand, Europe and ships at sea all hours of the day or night. There are one hundred and fifty girl operators, speaking French, German, Spanish and Italian, in addition to their native tongue, as the calls come through the boards. The service is so swift that it is possible for one in London to speak, within an hour, with persons as far away as Honolulu, Cape Town, Sydney, Buenos Aires, New York or Tokyo.

New Industry For Canada

Plant For Production Of Cellophane Operating In Quebec

Canadian materials and Canadian labor are employed in an industry new to Canada at the Canadian Industries cellophane plant which recently commenced production at Shawinigan Falls, Quebec.

Sulphite pulp from Canadian forests forms the basic raw material for the manufacture of the transparent wrapping substance now being made for the first time in Canada. Hitherto all the cellophane used in the Dominion has been imported.

The new plant, built by Canadian workers, is the Canadian capital and enterprise, is the newest industry in Canada and the latest addition to the industrial life of this little manufacturing town.

Arctic Islands Preserve

The area of wild life preserves set aside for the benefit of natives by the Department of the Interior, in the North West Territories, Canada, has been extended by taking in all islands under Canadian jurisdiction north of the districts of Mackenzie and Keewatin, with the exception of a part of Baffin Island. This large area is now known as the Arctic Islands Preserve. It embraces a land area of 439,105 square miles.

Miller's Worm Powders are the medicine children who are found suffering from the ravages of worms. They immediately alter the stomachic conditions under which the worms subsist and drive them from the system, and, at the same time, they are tonic in their effect upon the digestive organs, restoring them to health, full operation and ensuring immunity from further disorders from such a cause.

Caller: "Wouldn't you walk as far as the street car with me, Tommy?" Age Seven—"I can't."

"Why not?"

"Cause we're going to have dinner as soon as you go."

Granular carbon made from coal gives to the telephone its voice. The granules change air pressure waves to electrical waves in the transmitter.

The sodium-vapor bulb produces the most efficient light known for commercial use.

Skin Loveliness

Easy to Have, Famous Vegetable Pills Better than Creams

Miss E. T. has proved it. She says: "Carter's Little Liver Pills will do more to keep the complexion clear than all the face creams I have used." PURELY VEGETABLE, a gentle, effective tonic to both liver and bowels, Dr. Carter's Little Liver Pills are without equal for correcting Constipation, Acidity, Bilelessness, Headaches and Indigestion. 25c & 75c red packages, everywhere. Ask for Carter's by NAME.

W. N. U. 1844

Empire Tribunal

For Settlement Of Disputes Between Member Units Of Empire

Call of reestablishment of a tribunal for settlement of justiciable and non-political disputes between member units of the British Commonwealth of Nations was submitted by Prof. R. A. MacKay, of Dalhousie University, before the Canadian Political Science Association at Toronto.

Another speaker, Hon. N. W. Rowell, K.C., recognized authority on constitutional matters, took issue with an expressed view that establishment of such a permanent empire tribunal was blocked by lack of sufficient sovereignty by the Dominions.

Prof. MacKay contended that under technicalities of international law the Dominions did not have separate sovereign entities as between themselves, though they might be conceded such a status as between one of them and a foreign country outside the Empire. Under existing conditions, he said, Canada could hale Germany before The Hague court of international justice to settle a dispute, but in a controversy with Ireland or Australia would have to depend on the "dubious authority" of the privy council, or insufficiently defined powers of an arbitral tribunal.

Mr. Rowell argued that various intra-Empire conferences and the statute of Westminster had demonstrated the power of the crown was divisible and could be delegated to autonomous members of the British Commonwealth.

Not Looking For War

Nations Of Europe Are No More Aggressive

William Hard, of New York, political correspondent for the National Broadcasting Company, returned from Italy on the "Roma." He was present at the disarmament conference in Geneva and said the present conference means the high mark has been reached in armament and henceforth there will be reductions.

"There is no prospect of a war in Europe," he said. "Instead we had a remarkable situation, where every nation anticipates invasion, with no one ready to invade. Everywhere there are defenders but no aggressors; everywhere there is fear but no danger. When the European nations come to realize there is no danger, they will automatically disarm."

Mr. Hard found that the League of Nations is working strenuously for reductions in tariffs on the promise that when these barriers are removed, world trade will be restored.

"Europe is not in a bottomless pit," Mr. Hard said. "She will come up and out. I found great courage and confidence in France, England and Italy. It is a spirit too little known or exercised in the United States."

"As for Italy, the spirit of nationalism has been replaced by that of internationalism. They have passed through the Hitlerite stage. Young movements are always radical and frequently erratic."

The Many-Purpose Oil.—Both in the house and stable there are scores of uses for Dr. Thomas' Electric Oil. Use it for cuts, bruises, burns, scalds, the pains of rheumatism and sciatica, sore throat and chest. Horses are liable very largely to similar ailments and mishaps as afflict mankind, and are equally amenable to the healing influence of this fine old remedy which has made thousands of firm friends during the past fifty years.

Excuse Was Original

Farmer Speeded To Keep Pigs From Losing Weight

Warren Artz, Tiro farmer, was speeding to keep his pigs from losing weight, he told Trial Judge Joseph F. Smith, at Cleveland, Ohio.

"If I hadn't reached Cleveland stockyards before they closed," he said, "I'd have had to wait until the next day and my pigs would shrink in weight overnight."

Now he's wondering if the shrinkage would have amounted to more than his \$5 fine.

Bankf Park Set Aside In 1885

Bankf National Park in the province of Alberta is the oldest of the Dominion playgrounds, the original reservation having been set aside in 1885. It comprises an area of 2,585 square miles of territory. Reserved for the enjoyment of all who visit it, it is also a wild life sanctuary, evidence of which is manifest in the large number of mountain sheep, deer, and bear to be seen in the areas adjacent to the highways of the park.

Despite progress in attacking tuberculosis, this disease still ranks as the third cause of death among industrial wage earners of Canada and the United States.

Cultivation of begonias is traced back to 1771, when some of these plants were introduced into England from Jamaica.



To Meet In Edinburgh

Sixteen Canadian University Women Will Attend Conference

Sixteen Canadian university women will journey to Edinburgh, Scotland, for the sixth biennial conference of the International Federation of University Women, to be held from July 27 to August 4, it was announced at headquarters of the Canadian Federation of University Women.

They are: Mrs. Douglas J. Thom, Regina, Sask., president of the Canadian Federation; Miss Lalla C. Scott, Toronto, convener of the Canadian committee on international relations; Miss Helen F. McEwen, Miss W. G. Barnstead, Miss A. W. Patterson, Miss Gertrude Boyle, Miss Jessie Dykes and Miss Bertha Hamilton, all of Toronto; Miss Lois Rutter and Miss Dorothy Tingley, Regina, Sask.; Miss M. Winnifred Kydd and Miss Hazel Murchinson, Montreal; Miss M. L. Boler, Vancouver; Dr. Donaldie Dickie, Niagara Falls, Ont.; and Miss Conover, Weston, Ont.

A suitable programme of addresses, group meetings and social engagements has been arranged. The meetings will be presided over by Professor Winnifred Gullis, head of the department of physiology at the London School of Medicine for Women, and president of the International Federation. Representatives of 38 national federations are expected to attend.

The International Federation comprises about 50,000 individual members and is pledged to promote international goodwill through study of national and international problems and advancing the opportunities of university women.

Substitute For Human Voice

Instrument Invented By Man Left Speechless After Operation

Left speechless as the result of an operation some years ago, Dr. J. B. Bogart, of New York, addressed the Annapolis Valley Medical Association through an instrument which provides a substitute for the human voice. He spoke for twenty minutes. The instrument is a curved tube-like appliance, one of which is held against the throat, the other held lightly in the mouth. A small tube leads to a box held in the hand. It is from the box that the sound issues. He told the association he had invented it himself after his vocal cords had been removed in an operation for cancer. Dr. Bogart, who is a native of Nova Scotia, practises surgery in New York.

The Man With Asthma, almost long for death to end his suffering. He sees ahead only years of endless torment with intervals of rest which are themselves fraught with never ceasing fear of renewed attacks. Let him turn to Dr. J. D. Kellogg's Asthma Remedy and know what complete relief it can give. Let him but use it faithfully and he will find his asthma a thing of the past.

Lady (to hotel acquaintance): A terrible thing has happened. I've had a lot of clothes stolen.

Acquaintance: By Jove, yes! Nearly all of 'em, what?

There is a reason for optimism, declares a noted publicist, if we view the present situation as a whole. The trouble is that most of us are viewing it without the 'w's'.

Russia announces the successful production of rubber from a plant named "towsgais."



Royal Society Of Canada Records Many Achievements In Fifty Years Of Existence

In the spacious new National Research Building at Ottawa, the Royal Society of Canada recently held its 50th anniversary meeting.

Founded upon similar lines to the Royal Society of London, the Canadian society in fifty years of existence has achieved much. As such organizations go, it is one of the oldest, and certainly one of the most distinguished in Canada. Through its parent society at London, it may claim to be the oldest society for the advancement of science in Britain, one of the oldest in Europe, for the Royal Society dates back to 1665, four years prior to the execution of Charles I.

The Marquis of Lorne, in 1882, when Governor-General of Canada, founded a Royal Society in Canada, and looking backward over fifty years, may well view with pride its record of achievement. The society was instrumental in founding the Dominion archives, the National Gallery, the National Museum, the ethnological survey, the geodetic and tidal surveys. And last, but not least, the society was in the forefront of the drive for the National Research Council which will shortly be housed in a fully equipped building at Ottawa—built with money voted in the last years of the King administration.

Briefly, the Royal Society is an association of the foremost chemists, mathematicians, geologists, biologists and other scientists as well as the leading literary men of the country. Its purpose is to stimulate scientific advancement, to encourage literature, to give national recognition to those whose work merits it, to hear papers from its members, when desirable, to publish them in permanent form. The Canadian Society numbers about 250 members.

The society is divided into five sections. These are French and English sections, concerned with history, literature, economics and so on. A third section covers the chemical, physical and mathematical sciences. A fourth deals with the geological sciences, and a fifth with the biological sciences. Membership runs to between 40 and 50 in each section. The first is limited to 40 members, the second to 50. The other three sections elect three new fellows—nine in all—each year. The society elects executive officers, as do each of the five sections. The president this year is Sir Robert Falconer, retiring president of Toronto University. The secretary is Fred Burpee, secretary of the International Joint Commission; the treasurer, Dr. G. A. Young, of the Geological Survey. The society is supported by fees of members, but parliament votes a small grant each year to defray cost of publishing the meritorious papers.

The fellows of the royal society in the three prairie provinces are:

Judge L. A. Preudhomme, St. Boniface, President; Walter Murray, of Saskatchewan University; Dr. E. H. Oliver, head of the United Churches Theological College; Professor Frank Allen, of Manitoba University; J. W. Daffoe, editor-in-chief of the Free Press; Dr. R. J. Lang, of Alberta University; Professor R. K. McClung, of Manitoba University; Professor M. A. Parker, of Manitoba University; Professor J. W. Shipley, of Alberta University; Professor Stanley Smith, of Alberta University; Professor T. Thorvaldson, of Saskatchewan University; Professor N. R. Wilson, of Manitoba University; Professor J. A. Allan, of Alberta University; Professor Justin C. DeLury, of Manitoba University; Dr. R. C. Wallace, president of Alberta University; Professor William Boyd, of Manitoba University; Professor A. H. R. Buller, of Manitoba University; Professor A. T. Cameron, of Manitoba University; Professor Francis J. Lewis, of Alberta University; Professor Robert Newton, of Alberta University; and Professor W. P. Thompson, of Saskatchewan University.

A Museum Of Sound

German Professor Collecting Records Of Voices Of Famous Persons

The modern world has been so busy enjoying the entertainment afforded by such scientific toys as the talkie and the gramophone, that it has perhaps not yet properly appreciated their value as records of the age. Now, however, a "museum of sound" is to be opened in Berlin.

For the past twenty years, the organizer of this museum, Professor Doegen, has been collecting records of the voices of famous personages of all countries. Great Britain's representatives include Mr. Ramsay MacDonald and Miss Pankhurst, while the former German Kaiser is among the royalty represented.

Much of Professor Doegen's material was collected during the War, when he visited the prison camps collecting records of foreign languages and dialects as he went.



Winnipeg Newspaper Union
Fashion



IMAGINE ITS PRETTINESS AND CHIC IN A COOL LOOKING SILK CREPE PRINT

Incidentally the raglan shoulders are very slenderizing and a smart vogue. The wrapped bodice is out for effect with its hip bow. And incidentally, it's a style most becoming to the youthful figure.

It's very easily fashioned! You'll be surprised! You'll have a stunning dress for a small outlay. A dress you will enjoy wearing for town or for the afternoon bridge or tea.

Style No. 417 is designed for sizes 14, 16, 18, 20 years, 36 and 38 inches bust. Size 16 requires 3½ yards of 39-inch material with 1½ yards of 3-inch ribbon.

You could also carry it out in plain crepe silk in cadet or navy blue. For summer, it is delightfully cool in a chiffon or a voile print. Price of pattern 25 cents in stamps or coin (coin is preferred). Wrap cost carefully.

How To Order Patterns

Address: Winnipeg Newspaper Union, 175 McDermot Ave., Winnipeg

Pattern No. Size

Name

Town

"That fellow is a thief! He stole my umbrella!"

"Why don't you have him arrested?"

"Gnat! I can't. I stole it from the judge!"

Teacher: "Your little girl seems backward in her reading."

Father: "Backward, eh? I suppose she takes after her mother; she always reads the last chapter first."

Gathering Data For

Book On Dominion

Irish Author Amazed At Good Treatment Canada's Women Receive

"Canadian women are far too well treated by their men. They are pampered and spoiled. They would be better off if their husbands and sweethearts paid them less attention." This is the verdict of Lady Rena Terrington, a daughter of Erin with the genuine milk and roses complexion and auburn hair of the true daughter of Ireland, in the course of a tour across Canada gathering material for a book on the Dominion.

Daughter of the late Capt. William Shapland-Swiny, and a Fleet Street journalist for five years before leaving newspaper work for magazine and publisher assignments, Lady Terrington stated her opinions of Canadian women in no uncertain terms.

"It's amazing how well your men treat your women," she exclaimed with a smile. "Much too well, really. It's too bad for them."

"But they appreciate it, don't they?" "Not as much as they should. I have observed all too many instances since my arrival here where the woman takes for granted things her sisters in other countries would not pass over."

"How do Canadian women measure up with their sisters in other particulars?" "Well, they're better dressed, for one thing. Your business women, particularly. How well groomed their hands and feet are! It is the little things like that count."

"The way you Canadians make friendships appeals to me so much," Lady Terrington continued. "It's made me lose all desire to go home. And in Canada you seem so eager to help each other. I may yet come to live here."

Guide For Public Speakers

Variety Of Places Where Hands Can Be Parked

"I have checked up almost 57 varieties of places for a public speaker to park his hands," writes Dr. John F. Cowan. "In his pockets—trousers, coat vest; under pockets, lower rear; hooked in vest armholes; clasped across tummy, ditto back; wadded handkerchief, and unwadded; clenching lapels of coat; pounding desk; brushing hair; slapping (concealed) at flies; full-arm gestures, hand on finger; pointing at audience; twisting mustache; finger-tips together uplifted; fumbling paper; pulling down vest; snapping, and when not otherwise emphasizing the truth, saving imaginary wood in the air."

In a race between a horse and a locomotive, in 1830, something went wrong with the engine and while it struggled along the horse won the race.

In 1931 Canada exported 2,569,269 pounds of honey. The principal purchaser was the United Kingdom, with the Netherlands second and Germany third.

Using Stainless Steel

Dome Of Church At Jerusalem To Have Five Girdles

Beating swords into ploughshares has an apt application to Sheffield. With its great iron and steel works Sheffield during the war became one of the greatest arsenals ever organized in Britain. Now one of the great steel firms is constructing five girdles of stainless steel to encircle the dome of the Church of the Holy Sepulchre at Jerusalem.

From time to time during the last eight centuries the church has been shaken by earthquakes and there is a great possibility of its final collapse. In any building of the dome form here is always an inherent weakness at the base. When Christopher Wren built St. Paul's he thought he had overcome this difficulty by binding the base of the dome with chains of iron. The device served for 200 years but iron is not only perished by rust but destroys the surrounding stonework. Now the dome of St. Paul's has been encircled with a material—stainless steel of which the smiths in the days of the Stuarts knew nothing.

It is curious to recall the great invention of stainless steel following the war years was the outcome of earlier explorations by metallurgists to discover a steel for rifle barrels which would not corrode. Truly the links which Sheffield Munitions Works are now forging with the Holy Sepulchre have some curious associations.

Are You Going Camping?

Valuable Information Contained In Booklet Prepared By Government

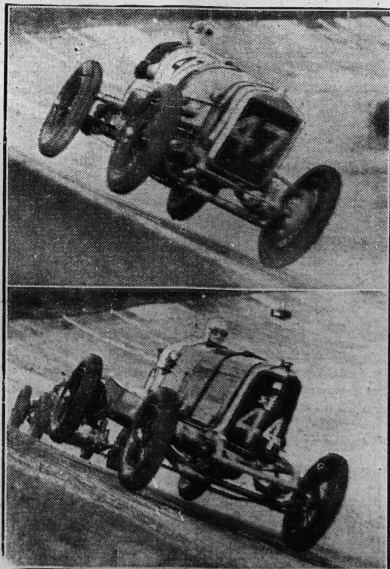
Are you going camping this summer? Are you going to enjoy the delights of the great outdoors; of forest and stream? If so, you will find a wealth of useful and valuable information which will contribute much toward thorough enjoyment of your visit with nature in Pamphlet 55 N.S. (free on request) "Methods of Protection from Mosquitoes, Blackflies, and Similar Pests in the Forest." This pamphlet has been prepared under the direction of the Dominion Entomologist for the special use of people whose vocation or avocation take them close to nature. It not only gives useful information about camp sites and camping gear, but also contains useful hints as to proper clothing and effective ways of ridding the camp of ever-present pests.

German scientists have succeeded in drawing electric currents of more than 18,000,000 volts from clouds passing over their plant during a thunderstorm. The laboratory is located in the Swiss Mountains.

"Why," asked the school inspector, "should we celebrate George Washington's birthday more than we do mine?"

"Because he never told a lie, sir," answered one of the pupils.

THE WORLD'S FASTEST AUTOMOBILE RACE



Above are two snapshots of competitors speeding round the Brooklands (England) track during the British Empire Trophy race, the fastest long distance race on record. The top picture shows John Cobb, in his Delage, taking the banking on the last lap. He actually finished first, but was disqualified through driving infringements, and given second place. Below is G. E. T. Eyston, in his Panhard, taking the banking with three wheels off the ground. Eyston was given first place with the remarkable average speed for a distance of 100 miles of 126,354 miles per hour.

Fluctuations In Sun Spots Believed To Have Effect On Life And Economic Conditions

Grain Via Churchill

Government Will Absorb Costs Of Handling At The Port

The view that the development of the port of Churchill must be orderly in order to avoid losses which might result from too rapid development, and that responsibility for its future now rests upon the public, was expressed in a statement at Vancouver by E. B. Ramsay, chief commissioner of the Board of Grain Commissioners for Canada.

"In order to clarify the situation in regard to the export of grain via the Hudson Bay, some statement in regard to the development of this route and its establishment as one of the regular export channels for western Canadian grain may be put clearly before the public who are vitally interested in this new channel of trade," said Mr. Ramsay.

"In order that the Port of Churchill may develop under the most favorable auspices it is necessary that the general public should realize some of the practical difficulties encountered in bringing about this development. It is very desirable that the growth of a new port be orderly and of such a nature that individuals will not suffer speculative losses, which might be occasioned through too rapid development and to accomplish this the following conditions must be kept in mind.

"In the first place, the grain handling facilities provided to date are estimated to have a capacity for shipping during an ordinary season, as far as data is available, of some 28 million bushels. This volume implies continuous flow of grain. And the first essential in the port's development is to create this flow of grain, thereby establishing for the port an "experience" in both freight and insurance which will ultimately result in the development of a market at that port, that is to say, a point where a farmer's car of grain may be readily sold on a competitive basis with the Fort William market, which would thus enable shippers located at a favorable rate point, obtaining the benefit in their market arrangements in any freight differential with Fort William.

"These benefits would accrue to the farmer in greater or lesser degree according to the premium or discount which may develop on that particular market in competition with other established markets in Canada.

"It must be recognized for general shipping from the three prairie provinces that while the achievement, which has taken so long to accomplish, of opening a port at the Hudson Bay, is now consummated, it has still to establish itself as a market for grain, and this in the face of the competition of both Vancouver and Fort William. Even at this initial stage, can only be a competitive factor for a limited period of the grain shipping season, that is to say, during the period of open navigation at the port. In order, therefore, that no hardship may be incurred by individual shippers it must be recognized that the accumulation of odd carloads of grain of grades not suitable for export will in some measure require to be controlled. In order to meet those conditions the following arrangements have been made:

"The elevator at Churchill will be operated as a semi-public terminal elevator and the government has agreed to absorb all costs in the handling of all grain by the port. In addition to this the government will absorb in the terminals at Moose Jaw and Saskatoon the railway stop-over charge of one cent per hundred pounds of grain consigned to those elevators. This, coupled with the low storage rate of one-sixtieth of a cent will encourage the accumulation of stocks of grain to provide a reservoir for shipments via the Hudson Bay, Churchill will, so far as this season is concerned, be operated on the permit system for shipments in the same manner as the Pacific coast ports are. Inspection and weighing will be provided at Churchill during the period of open navigation.

"Arrangements have been made for the initial shipment of some two million bushels of grain, and it is the hope of those officials responsible that at least ten million bushels will find satisfactory outlet during this present season. These shipments, however, in the initial stages will probably be handled by commercial shippers.

A small silver teapot dated 1729 was sold in London recently for \$380.

That profound fluctuations in living conditions and life accompany fluctuation in sun spots is indicated by the study of these celestial phenomena carried on by the Dominion Observatory of the Department of the Interior at Ottawa.

Individual sun spots vary greatly in size. Some are as small as the earth, while others are five and six times as large. When it is recalled that the Sun is 885,000 miles in diameter, over 100 times the diameter of the Earth, a spot the size of the Earth appears as a trivial defect on the solar disc.

Since 1750 the European records of sun spots are complete that to each month has been assigned a relative sunspot number giving due regard to numbers and sizes of spots and groups of spots. From the monthly numbers a yearly average results. These yearly numbers increase from a minimum up to a maximum and then down to a minimum in from about 9 down to 14 years with an average duration for a cycle of a little over 11 years. The extent of the maximum also varies from cycle to cycle. The cause of the cycle in sun spots is not definitely known as yet. In recent years the minima of sun spots occurred in 1901, 1913, and 1923 with maxima in 1906, 1917, and 1928.

This fluctuation in the sunspot numbers is ordinarily spoken of as the eleven year sunspot cycle. It is accompanied by fluctuations on the Earth in sunlight received, electromagnetic conditions, chemical compounds in the atmosphere, temperature, precipitation, cloudiness, and atmospheric transparency. These fluctuations in the physical elements which control living conditions are great enough in some regions to affect profoundly all forms of life, micro-organisms, insects, birds, animals, plants and even fish, and in consequence economic conditions.

Records kept in Manitoba since 1886, when examined in the light of the sunspot cycle show the relationship between the rise and fall in the number of sun spots and the maximum and minimum of grasshoppers, rusted and sharp-tailed grouse, and rabbits. Records from other sources show similar effects for fish and fur-bearing animals.

The annual growth-rings of trees which grow in northern Europe, in western United States, and in many regions in Canada all record the influence of the sunspot cycle in the past. In some cases even farther back than the records of sun spots extend. The eleven year cycle has been found in trees recently released by the re-treating glaciers in northern British Columbia, trees which grew perhaps many thousands of years ago.

Farm crops in Canada, the grains, hay and potatoes, show on the average greater yields at the sunspot minimum than at the maximum in accord with the higher temperatures and greater precipitation occurring on the average at sunspot minimum. Cotton yield in the United States also exhibits the influence of the sunspot cycle. These fluctuations and those in other forms of life exert a great influence on economic conditions and it is consequently not surprising to find the eleven year cycle reflected in commodity prices, though at times the doings of man obscure the issue.

One of the first things a person should learn to do is to mind his own business, but it is a sad comment on our educational systems, on parental example and also on human nature that so few acquire this quality.

Optimist: "The best thing in the world is a good conscience."
Pessimist: "And the next best thing is a good lawyer."

At Dijon, France, there is a crypt of the eleventh century.



Optimistic Fisherman (at aquarium): "May I have the fishing rights here for a year?"—De Notenkraker, Amsterdam.



"Meier says he has done hundreds of miles with his car today. Who will believe him?"
"Oh, about 20 chickens." — Der Gemutliche Sachse, Leipzig.

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(The editor of The Times does not necessarily endorse and is not responsible for the views expressed by any contributor.)

We are publishing by request of Mr. G. U. Gaudin, Killam, the following letter which recently appeared in the Sedgewick paper:

LETTER TO THE EDITOR

The U. F. A. Co-op. Committee and Rochdale Consumers' Co-operation.

(1) The competitive system of doing business has been in operation probably since man started his evolution from what he was previously, until the present time. Our ancestors of long ago very likely used clubs and rocks to take away their neighbors' property, and we have so far progressed in intelligence that we now use other means for the same purpose. Modern means are not so crude, perhaps, but much more efficient.

(2) The results of the competitive system are at present very well seen; a few people have lots of money and lots of people have no money.

(3) As it is clear that the competitive system has been operating for some long time, it must also be clear that any other initiated to replace it must take a considerable period of time to become as world-wide as its predecessor.

(4) It is a fact that all producers are also consumers, therefore any system evolved to replace the competitive system of doing business, and desiring to reach all individuals, must be on the individual consumer basis.

(5) A very wise Man said years ago that "when two or three are gathered together... to give unto Caesar those things that are Caesar's, they were doing well." It is the purpose of Consumers' Co-operatives to carry out those instructions—to enable people to do their own business, pay the cost and hold the gains.

(6) It is a fact that when the price of primary products increases in value, that the goods the producer buys increase in cost to him—in other words, the manufacturer gets the major portion of the increase in value of the primary production; therefore the ultimate objective of the producer, as a consumer of manufactured goods must be to eventually manufacture his own requirements.

(7) The fact that in 41 countries some 220,000 consumers' societies with 71 million members (approximately 300 millions of people) are successfully operating consumers' societies, many of them manufacturing their own goods, doing their own banking, insurance and other services should be for us an example of how to proceed in order that Caesar may get what he can.

(8) During wars, depressions and other troubles, consumers' co-operation has made steady growth in membership and investment. We refer especially to Great Britain during the past 85 years under the Rochdale system. Previous to the time referred to, many co-operative businesses had failed financially, through being based on wrong principles, and many today are failing, though based on the Rochdale principles, due to the effect of the world depression or mismanagement in some form—but we know of no consumers' co-operative based on any other principles than the Rochdale plan which has succeeded—in fact those based on any other principle have always ended disastrously.

(9) The principles on which the Rochdale system is based are these:

(a) Qualification—Being a consumer irrespective of occupation, race or creed.

(b) One man, one vote—Whether he has one or a 1000 shares of stock or buys \$1.00 or \$1,000 annually.

(c) Capital invested to draw only current rate of interest, and no other benefit to accrue to it.

(d) The price of goods to be the current price of goods locally; any surplus to be refunded on a patronage basis, to patrons as over charges.

(e) The only limit to its usefulness is the capacity of the district to consume its goods and use its services.

(f) Absolute control by the individuals composing the society.

(g) The competition it offers existing traders in the district is eminently fair—it sells goods at a fair margin above cost—employs help who take part in community life.

(10) It is a non-political and voluntary effort by consumers to use their own means to supply their own needs.

(a) Its purpose is to move from simple distribution to wholesaling, manufacturing, banking and other services.

(b) It does not aim to confiscate profit business nor to abolish the political state, but its natural tendency is to create a co-operative method in its stead.

(c) It builds from the individual

up—people travel the road learning on the way what to do, what to avoid doing.

(d) It should be allied with the political party for where so allied, a fight is inevitable.

(e) Its purpose is to decentralize the control over the lives of the people and place that control with the individual himself.

(f) Dr. Warbasse from whom the writer has quoted in part, says: "It is not society for whom co-operation is concerned, but the individual."

(11) We believe that given reasonable time, Consumers' Co-operation on the Rochdale plan will, if not embarrassed by well-meaning but ill-advised friends, do much to improve our condition here.

(12) The reference in section 11 to ill-advised friends refers particularly to the U. F. A. Co-op. plan. Let us consider for a moment whether Mr. Gardiner was not fully justified when he said at the Convention, "It would be necessary for all of them to spend their time after the Session, clarifying the confusion of thought which exists throughout the Province."

(13) The U. F. A. plan restricts its services to U. F. A. members. Mr. Priestly (Aug. 15 U. F. A. page 4) says, "First of all there is no guarantee that the U. F. A. will survive," and yet he still maintains that he can build up a co-operative on a foundation of which he doubts the continuance.

(14) Mr. Robert Gardiner, speaking at Westlock Nov. 18-31, says in part the present depression: "Co-operation among ALL CLASSES was the sure remedy to cure the disease." No restriction there—all classes says Mr. Gardiner—and he is the immediate U. F. A. superior to Mr. Priestly.

(15) Mr. H. W. Wood (U. F. A. March 1-32) says: "The true function of each legitimate class in society is to contribute to the general welfare by giving needed and efficient service to the whole—surely no restriction there."

(16) The reader may agree, after reading the above quotations, that there is confusion of thought amongst the U. F. A. leaders on the important subject before the world to-day—that of the best means to consolidate the purchasing power of the people.

(17) Let us consider the U. F. A. plan from the viewpoint of confusion in practice. They claim the purpose of the U. F. A. plan is to help to replace the "B" business for profit, and they insist on doing business only for the personal profit of the U. F. A. members.

(18) The U. F. A. is an exclusive organization and being an occupational group it must remain so—none but farmers may join it—but when its central board enters the commercial field it cannot remain exclusive and retain its claim to be a legitimate class with a duty to Society as a whole. (See Mr. Wood 12c).

(19) The impracticability of the U. F. A. plan. Mr. Priestly complained that certain U. F. A. locals were allowing others than U. F. A. members to share their goods. This was quite to be expected, in fact the writer is afraid that should our friend Mr. Editor happen to need a little gas or oil while going by one of the exclusive U. F. A. plants, they might be tempted to evade the Priestly law—and the Editor is not in our exclusive class either.

(20) How much more would one be tempted in the case of supplying a neighbor farmer. It appears to be a fact that the U. F. A. Co-op. Committee did, themselves, sell two to a machine agent who could not be a U. F. A. man.

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(10) Extract from U. F. A. Organization Committee Report, 1932:

(a) "The success of the U. F. A. does not so much depend on having a great number of members... as of progressing in a sane and harmonious way."

(b) This organization has expressed its desire that the benefits connected with the U. F. A. plan shall be available only to U. F. A. members.

(c) However, it must be borne in mind that failures in this field (U. F. A. plan) would have a disastrous effect on the whole movement."

In its instructions to the Central Board the Committee says:

(d) Central Board to lay down a definite policy governing all branches.

(e) "At all times centralized control."

(f) The viewpoint of all associations to be kept as uniform as possible.

If the reader will refer to section 17 he will find that the U. F. A. Co-op. claim they had no overhead whatsoever, either for advertising, broadcasting, travelling or anything else.

(20) Let us consider the report of the U. F. A. directorate on "Future Co-operation policy."

"In our opinion the past practice of setting up Co-op. business independent of the parent body has not been in the best interests of the co-operative movement as a whole... the power to unify and co-ordinate those efforts shall be kept within the parent body."

Again listen to this: "As a board elected by the United Farmers of Alberta to direct the efforts thereof, we reaffirm our conviction that our emancipation as agriculturists will be achieved by untiring efforts along political as well as economic lines."

(1) There is no question as to the intention of the Central Board to control the U. F. A. Co-op. from the top.

(2) The century past has proven the necessity for individual control, in order that the individual may learn (through its loss and gain) how his business should be managed.

(3) The U. F. A. speak eloquently of helping consumers as a whole, and then restrict their help to U. F. A. members.

(4) They speak in fine phraseology of "untiring efforts along political lines" and their economic efforts must eventually antagonize from them politically, everyone but U. F. A. members.

(5) It is the opinion of a large number of U. F. A. members and Rochdale Co-operatives in this province that the U. F. A. central board is not well advised to engage itself in commercial enterprise.

We are anxious to see the U. F. A. use its efforts toward assisting in the organization of co-operatives through out this province—on the Rochdale system—and toward co-ordinating of all co-op. units into one wholesale society, paying the U. F. A. a sum annually for these services sufficiently large to enable the U. F. A. to avoid taking donations from the U. F. A. or anyone else—and we foresee danger to the U. F. A. politically through its restriction of its co-op. efforts to one class and its opposition to the organized retail trade—and to the organization as a mercantile unit through its voluntary restriction in business volume—and furthermore those believing this are good U. F. A. men and co-operators.

It is well that the U. F. A. central board question whether their unfair business competition to retailers may not have had some effect in getting the results achieved in Red Deer and Athabasca.

(21) It is common knowledge in this and sister provinces that the co-op. wholesale had gotten into financial difficulties; and that the U. F. A. was in some way connected with the matter. Let us review the situation as it existed at the time of the U. F. A. Co-op. wholesale deal.

The Co-op. wholesale was composed of and financed by its units, the co-operative stores of the province—no one else had a dollar in it and no one else had any right to intrude in its conventions—it was doing a small, safe business, progressing in a sane way, BUT it was composed of men who were very sympathetic toward the U. F. A. organization, and the U. F. A. Executive under Mr. Schofield took advantage of the sympathetic feeling above mentioned, to suggest to the wholesale board that it put in a stock of goods (this was at peak price time) and sell these goods to U. F. A. locals at practically wholesale prices, and in return the U. F. A. Executive promised the wholesale a large volume of business. The large volume of business was not supplied by the U. F. A. Executive as agreed, and the Co-op. wholesale disposed of the stock as best it could at deflated prices, and was in financial difficulty in consequence. There can be but little excuse offered by the Co-op. wholesale for having become involved in so foolish a scheme as the instigation of an organization that had no financial responsibility in it, except perhaps that it had wanted to help out the executive of the U. F. A. in

the latter's efforts to increase U. F. A. membership. No reasonable excuse can be offered by the U. F. A. Executive for its interference in the business of the wholesale—it made promises of volume of business which it could not fulfil, and after failing to deliver the business volume as agreed, did not suggest taking any of the financial loss caused to the wholesale through its failure to deliver the business—and there surely can be no excuse for the bare statement made by Mr. Priestly (at the convention) that "the reason why the U. F. A. central board had gone into business, was because the Co-op. wholesale was in financial difficulties." (It seemingly would have been more befitting had the head of an organization like the U. F. A. added to the above bare statement that his organization was at least morally responsible for a share of the financial difficulties of the Co-op. wholesale, rather than using its friend's financial difficulties as an excuse to go into business in competition with that friend, and help retard the latter's recovery. Such things do not help to weld this province's consumers into "one harmonious whole," as Mr. Priestly so often puts it.)

(23) This province has numerous organizations doing co-operative business, some on a right basis, some on a wrong basis, and all these separate institutions are actually competing with each other for business—overlapping in service and creating excessive overhead costs.

It has been suggested, and we repeat that the apparent need here is to get all these institutions together into one wholesale society suitable to all, and that the consumers of the province would be well advised to secure the services of an experts Co-op. organizer to assist them in consolidating their purchasing power.

— G. V. Gaudin, Killam

HANDLING A SWEET CLOVER CROP FOR SEED

Perhaps the greatest loss the grower of sweet clover seed sustains is from the use of, and the production of, dirty seed. A crop containing few weed seeds which can be readily cleaned. On the other hand, it is impossible to clean up seed full of weeds, by use of the average farm cleaning equipment and expect to make money by the sale of seed or to have a No. 1 sample for home use.

This crop may be seed broadcast or in rows. On all Dominion Illustration Stations in Manitoba it is broadcast since this is the most practical method. Best results are obtained by operators who work with wheat on clean summer fallow. On one Station clean crops have been grown when the seed is put in with oats on stubble-ploughed land. The oats are cut in July for green feed at which time many weeds are removed. This practice also gives the clover a better chance to become firmly established. When sowing in rows, two or three feet apart the grower must be prepared to do considerable hand hoeing and cultivating to ensure a clean crop. When using this method, stubble land can be utilized. It can be followed until July at which time the seed is sown. Subsequent harrowing and weeding will be necessary to keep the crop clean. If this is well done a clean crop the next year is practically assured. The advantage to a crop in rows is that it usually grows tall and strong and presents difficulty when harvesting and threshing.

If the crop is firmly established, it is beneficial to flip it back when it is ten inches high. This not only removes weeds but induces the clover plants to branch more and the result that the crop will be shorter and finer making it easier to cut and thresh. On many farms hay is taken in July and the second crop left for seed. This is not a wise practice however, unless the season is early and the hay can be removed at least during the early days of July. On several illustration Station farms clean crops of seed have been produced after pasturing the field during the spring and early summer.

It is not always an easy matter to decide which is the most advantageous time to cut a seed crop of clover. The natural desire of the grower is to harvest when most of the seed can be secured in a well ripened state. Even at this stage some seed will have fallen, some will still be green while there may be flowers on the apex of the stem. A fairly safe guide, however, is to draw a raceme or seed stalk through the hand firmly, and if most of the seed detaches readily the crop should be cut.

After the seed is threshed, it should be fanned to remove all trash, and to separate hulls from unthreshed seed. Following this, the unthreshed seed can be put through a plate grinder to remove hulls. If the plates are sharp and close enough to crack a small percentage of the treatment can be effected by soaking a little seed in water for 24 hours. Seed that does not swell is not scarified.

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Viking

On Sunday, March 28th, the Feast of Corpus Christi was celebrated by a procession, and picnic. At 10:30, High Mass was sung by Father O'Neill, after which the Blessed Sacrament was carried in procession to the four outside altars, which had been decorated by a number of the parishioners of St. John's Church. At the conclusion of the procession, the people repaired to the picnic grounds where dinner was served to about three hundred. In the afternoon games and competitions took up the attention of young and old, until about five-thirty, when the picnic broke up.

On leaving, the picnickers voted the day a success. Much credit is due the ladies of Prague who spared no pains to provide a pleasant outing for those in attendance.

The place for the Fireworks Display about 10 p.m. will be the fair grounds. On account of the enquiries and the interest shown we hear that this display has been enlarged and should be of great amusement for all. Come in to town next Saturday evening and bring the kiddies.

At a general executive meeting held at Killam on Monday evening of the Sedgewick Constituency Liberal Association the following officers were elected:

Hon. President—Hon. Chas. Stewart.
Hon. Vice-Pres.—J. H. Caldwell.
President—H. G. Thunell, Viking (re-elected).

1st Vice-Pres.—J. Pears, Stromé.
2nd Vice-Pres.—J. McDonald, Loughheed.

Sec.-Treas.—J. H. Sayers, Kilam (re-elected).

The members of the executive as follows: C. G. Purvis, Viking; J. R. Large, Killam; J. H. Caldwell, Killam; J. P. Kroustch, Stromé; Ed. Peterson, Loughheed; C. J. Smythe, Forestburg; S. D. Smith, Szigewick; H. Taylor, Galahad; L. J. Shepherd, Alliance; W. W. Stambaugh, Bruce; E. G. Williams, Kinross; R. Brickman, Phillips; R. Cormac, Camp Laker; J. Schulte, Spring Lake; Chas. Kabesh, Mance; P. O. A. Peacock, Merna.

An outline of the association's work was enthusiastically endorsed.

J. D. S. Barrett, formerly of Forestburg, has commenced publishing the Holden Herald which suspended publication last year. The new Herald comes out well supported by the business men and is well edited and printed. The need of a newspaper was felt and it was through the efforts of the Holden Chamber of Commerce that Mr. Barrett located there.

Mr. and Mrs. R. G. Fullerton arrived over the week end and will become residents of our town. Mr. Fullerton is the new manager of the local branch of the Bank of Montreal at this point. We understand that they will occupy the A. C. Wittmann residence which is being renovated.

Several from here attended the opening of Birch Lake pavilion last Wednesday evening. The evening proved quite cold for dancing, nevertheless a fair sized crowd turned out. The Silver Club band orchestra will play at the pavilion on Wednesday and Saturday evenings of each week during the summer.

Mr. and Mrs. Angus Ross and daughter Bessie motored to Bonnyville on Saturday and spent the week-end with Sid Ross who has purchased a drug store business at that place. Bonnyville is a growing town and is situated in a good district.

The symphony orchestra program on Sunday afternoon in the United Church was well attended and enjoyed. This organization plays a very good class of music which music lovers appreciate.

The ball team travelled to Holden last Friday evening and played a tie game 8 to 8. Viking had to use three pitchers to stem defeat: Horton, Richardson and McAtthey being on mound duty.

The Tuesday evening passenger train was delayed five hours on account of a freight caboose jumping the track near Torlea.

Enquiries around town regarding the Fireworks Display is causing some interest and the prospects are that a good crowd will be in town Saturday evening.

Mrs. G. W. Green, and the Misses Agnes and Esther Wick motored to Calgary last week end. Harold Green who has been attending Technical College in that city returned home with them Sunday evening.

Several road outfits are now at work on the construction of the main highway west of town. The nearest camp is about four miles west. Graveling of the highway has reached eight miles east of Tofield.

A horse was taken out of Henry Slater's barn last week during the night and no trace of it has been found since.

Fred Thorsen, one of the pioneers of this district, who is now pump man for the C. N. R. near Holden, renewed acquaintances here on Saturday.

Bruce

Saturday evening the ladies of the Golden Rule Society played Soft Ball. The village green was lined with fans who were quite impartial in their rooting. The crowd entered into the spirit of the occasion and cheered the winners and criticized the losers of every inning. Mrs. J. P. Hughes captained the country women and Mrs. Fredericks was leader of the town women. The score was eight to fifteen in favor of the town ladies.

After the game the ladies served tea to a goodly number in the hall, and spent a social hour.

The new Bruce band of musicians, The Merry-makers Orchestra held their first dance on Saturday night. Excellent music and a good attendance is reported. The next dance of the new orchestra is advertised for June 11th.

Movies again next Saturday, June 4th. A goodly comedy is promised, "The Hicks".

Dr. Clarence Eastwood and family were the week end guests of Mr. and Mrs. R. L. Farlinger.

Miss Signa Holter, who has been visiting the home of her brother, Jack Holter, has returned to her duties at Elk Point where she is matron of the hospital.

Jack Holter and family, Miss Signa Holter and Miss Jeanne Campbell were among the Bruce visitors at Lake Thomas last Sunday.

Players from the Young People's Community Club of Viking North will present their three act comedy, "The Deacon Slips" in the Bruce Hall on the evening of Friday, June 10th. We are told that this play has been staged in a number of places and has always been well received. There will be a dance after the play.

The United Church Ladies' Aid held their regular monthly meeting in the club room of the Bruce Hall on the afternoon of Thursday, May 26th. Owing to the absence of the president the vice-president, Mrs. Jack Holter, occupied the chair.

The ladies plan a social afternoon for June 15th. Following a short musical program, tea will be served. All are cordially invited to attend. Silver collection.

Last Sunday, Bruce and East Bruce teams swatted the soft ball around the diamond with a score of 30 to 22 in favor of Bruce. It is to be surmised that both teams worked harder than on the previous Sunday when the score was 12 to 5 for Bruce. Next Sunday, basketball.

Teddy
Meet Teddy! Someone facetiously called him Edwina. He is not! He is Teddy: a few ounces of French Toy Poodle, an abbreviated form of dog, with a growl that is quite masterly and a bark many times too big for his diminutive bulk. He wears a beautiful curly fur coat, white when he steps from his bath. He has a tail: more tail than there is dog. When it wags, as it sometimes does, it may be truly said that the tail wags the dog.

It is not true that our genial station agent mounted the counter the morning Teddy arrived in Bruce because he feared a vicious attack by this remarkable pup. It is closer to the truth, that the man who will give you a ticket to anywhere, peered into the padded cell that held the canine traveller and gasped, "What'sit?" We last saw Teddy wearing a knitted sweater coat—red and white of course! We were impressed on that occasion by his exemplary manners, but our admiration for his deportment was exceeded by our appreciation of the obedience shown to his mistress. He growled and shook his tail on introduction, sat very erect and bowed to the children, much to their delight, and when he had completed his exhibit, permitted his person to be "parked" on a convenient chair for an indefinite period.

In all Teddy is a model of perfection in dogness. He is a bit uppish with ordinary farm dogs, but of course they have no long pedigree to brag about, and as far as Teddy is concerned, probably had no ancestors anyway. This cute wee laddie with his winning ways, knitted sports ensemble and happy gregarious disposition, is the joy of Bruce children, and has rapidly won a place in their affections.

ITEMS OF LOCAL INTEREST
No matter how well organized a newspaper is, it is impossible for its reporters to gather all the local items of interest—some of your acquaintance has taken a trip or returned from one; you have friends or relatives visiting you; a former citizen has returned on a visit—all of these small incidents, and many more, are of interest to our readers.

As we wish to make this paper a more live, local newspaper, we would greatly appreciate receiving local items from our readers. By informing us of local news, you are doing us an appreciated service, as well as a service to our readers.

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SEMI-ANNUAL STATEMENT

30th April, 1932

LIABILITIES

LIABILITIES TO THE PUBLIC

Deposits	\$626,701,081.70
Payable on demand and after notice.	
Notes of the Bank in Circulation	35,143,569.00
Payable on demand.	
Bills Payable	243,816.18
Drafts issued and outstanding.	
Letters of Credit Outstanding	8,478,952.18
Financial responsibilities undertaken on behalf of customers for commercial transactions (see offsetting amount [x] in "Resources").	
Other Liabilities	1,743,463.02
Items which do not come under the foregoing headings.	
Total Liabilities to the Public	\$672,310,882.08

LIABILITIES TO THE SHAREHOLDERS

Capital, Surplus and Undivided Profits & Reserves for Dividends	76,301,599.13
This amount represents the shareholders' interest in the Bank, over which liabilities to the public take precedence.	
Total Liabilities	\$748,612,481.21

RESOURCES

To meet the foregoing Liabilities the Bank has

Cash in its Vaults and in the Central Gold Reserves	78,491,119.01
Notes and Cheques on Other Banks	23,808,742.70
Payable in cash on presentation.	
Money on Deposit with Other Banks	27,639,150.51
Available on demand or at short notice.	
Government & Other Bonds and Debentures	228,901,146.79
Gilt-edged Securities the greater portion of which matures at early dates.	
Stocks	601,473.59
Railway and Industrial and other stocks.	
Call Loans outside of Canada	20,262,324.55
Secured by bonds, stocks and other negotiable securities of greater value than the loans and representing money quickly available with no disturbing effect on conditions in Canada.	
Call Loans in Canada	5,645,610.62
Payable on demand and secured by bonds and stocks of greater value at current quotations than the loans.	
Bankers' Acceptances	133,657.89
Prime drafts accepted by other banks.	
TOTAL OF QUICKLY AVAILABLE RESOURCES (equal to 57.34% of all Liabilities to the Public)	\$385,483,225.66
Other Loans	336,572,388.88
To manufacturers, farmers, merchants and others, on conditions consistent with sound banking.	
Bank Premises	14,500,000.00
Three properties only are carried in the names of holding companies; the stock and bonds of these companies are entirely owned by the Bank and appear on the books at \$1.00 in each case. All other of the Bank's premises, the value of which largely exceeds \$14,500,000, appear under this heading.	
Real Estate and Mortgages on Real Estate	1,775,736.03
Acquired in the course of the Bank's business and in process of being realized upon.	
Customers' Liability under Letters of Credit	8,478,952.18
Representing liabilities of customers on account of Letters of Credit issued by the Bank for their account.	
Other Assets not included in the Foregoing	1,802,178.46
Making Total Assets of	\$748,612,481.21
to meet payment of Liabilities to the Public of	\$672,310,882.08
leaving an excess of Assets over Liabilities to the Public of	\$ 76,301,599.13

PROFIT AND LOSS ACCOUNT

Profits for the half year ending 30th April, 1932	\$2,580,202.70
Dividends paid or payable to Shareholders	\$2,160,000.00
Provision for Taxes, Dominion Government	2,831,618.28
Reservation for Bank Premises	100,000.00
	\$ 100,000.00
Balance of Profit and Loss Account, 31st October, 1931	1,103,426.95
Balance of Profit and Loss carried forward	\$1,204,426.95

The strength of a bank is determined by its history, its policy, its management and the extent of its resources. For 114 years the Bank of Montreal has been in the forefront of Canadian finance.

The Wastebasket

At the first meeting of the poker club in January the following conversation occurred: "Your wife is a great talker you say?" "Yes, but she didn't have as much to say as usual last month." "How do you account for that?" "Well, it was the shortest month in the year."

Editors are always noted for their desire to impart good advice, so when a young lady in a neighboring town wrote to the editor there and asked this question: "Do you think it right for a girl to sit on a young man's lap even if she is engaged?" the editor kindly sent the following reply: "We have no experience in the matter referred to, but if it were our girl and our lap, yes; if it was another fellow's girl and our lap, yes; if it was our girl and another fellow's lap, never, never, never."

"Give me a long word," said a teacher at the schoolhouse to a small boy. "Bibbity," he replied. "But that's not a long word," the teacher protested. "Well, but you can stretch it just as long as you want to," he replied.

After looking over people for a large part of his lifetime, a careful observer made the following observation: "The reason why so many folks are swelled in their top story, is just because they fail to take a careful inventory."

Here's another version of an old poem: "Mary had a little mule, And it followed her to skule; And the teacher like a fule, Stepped up behind the mule And hit him with the rule And then there was no skule."

"Can you fix this fender so my husband won't know it was bent," asked a lady here of a mechanic at a local garage. "No, lady, I can't," he replied, "but I can fix it up so that in a few days you can ask your husband how he bent it."

A fatal drowning accident occurred at Lac St. Anne on Sunday when Geo. Latham, prominent Labor man of Edmonton, was drowned together with two companions, when a sail boat capsized.

IRMA TIMES
H. W. LOVE, Prop.
A Good Advertising Medium and a Reliable Newspaper on Oil Activities

WORLD HAPPENINGS BRIEFLY TOLD

To economize in League of Nations expenses a measure proposed by Great Britain has been sent to the supervisory committee.

A bill amending and consolidating the fisheries act was put through the committee stage and given third reading in the House of Commons. There was little discussion.

Millers of north and central Italy are now allowed to use 75 per cent of import grain, south Italy 95 per cent, while in Sardinia and Sicily restrictions have been entirely lifted.

To take possession of a fortune of about \$180,000,000, a white-haired Armenian woman, Marianne Djanikian, 80, has gone to India with her two sons.

Hope that 1932 would prove historic in drawing together all citizens of the British Empire was expressed by J. H. Thomas, Dominions Secretary, in an Empire Day address.

Shanghai was completely isolated from the rest of the world as far as mail is concerned, when the indoor postal workers joined the outdoor workers in a strike.

Attempts to find the abandoned Hudson's Bay Company fur ship "Baychimo," and the salvaging of a rich fur cargo believed to be aboard, have been given up by William R. Graham and Mrs. Edna Christofferson.

Several thousand feet above the city of Chicago a youth killed himself in an aeroplane recently, because his dreams of becoming an aviator had come to naught. He shot himself to death.

In the first case of its kind ever brought in district courts, Angus D. Graham paid \$5.25 in county police court at London, Ontario, because he is said to have forgotten to put a stamp on a cheque.

New Earl Of Egmout

Has Inherited All His Father's Troubles In Connection With Estate

The new Lord Egmout is a pitiable figure. He made friends with no one but his father, and now there can be hardly any lonelier boy in the world than this 18-year-old earl. He avoids all society, and has a terror of publicity.

He will have all his father's troubles and more, for death duties must again be paid on the Egmout estates. His father was staggered to find the estates reduced in apparent value from \$2,500,000 to \$1,500,000, due to death duties and settlements on two dowager countesses.

Father and son shot rabbits and pheasants on the castle estate and sold them to neighboring villages to help meet expenses. The boy, who never had a mother's influence, had practically no education or experience of the world, and who has been embittered by the cruel disappointments encountered since reaching England, is left to cope with the problems of a large though impoverished estate.

Disastrous Economy

Demand For Products Ceases When Advertising Is Stopped

The most advertised manufactures are the ones most asked for. Stores which advertise the most are the most frequented and prosperous. Their prices are no higher than at the other stores. Often they are lower for the precise reason that their advertisements bring them a bigger clientele and, as their sales are therefore far more, they are in a position to be content with a smaller profit on each sale. It was never so important to make sure that we do not become discouraged, and to go ahead, with our business and keep money in circulation. How can we expect to succeed if we cut down on our advertisements which create the demand for the products of industry and commerce? This would be a false economy, an economy which would be disastrous.—Le Drot, Ottawa.



"Miss Emma, you can't think how I long to have a happy home."
"But I thought you were married."
"Yes, that is the reason,"—Nagels Laetage Welt, Berlin.

W. N. B. 1944

WHERE TO SPEND AN ENJOYABLE VACATION



Canada-This Year

SINCE the annual vacation has become a definite part of modern life, the decision as to where it will be spent is of considerable importance. Canada has a particular appeal to the vacationist, for it has an unusual variety of attractions, which may be enjoyed at reasonable cost.

For most people, the summer vacation is limited to a few weeks and is really shortened by the time used in travelling to and from the locality selected. Canada has an extensive system of good roads and excellent railway services, which greatly facilitate travel between provinces.

Canada presents a striking diversity of natural features—the rugged and picturesque Atlantic Coast; the St. Lawrence River and Great Lakes, the world's greatest inland waterway; the Laurentian Mountains, land of forest and stream; the prairies; the majestic Rockies; and the beautiful Pacific Coast. Each of these areas has its own attractions of scenic beauty and opportunities for enjoyable recreation.

Fishing, hunting, camping, canoeing, and mountain-climbing may all be enjoyed under ideal conditions, while golf and tennis may be played practically everywhere. Accommodation includes everything from camp site to luxurious hotel. Those to whom economy is a matter of concern may spend a pleasant vacation close to nature, at surprisingly small cost. The National Development Bureau, Department of the Interior, at Ottawa, has prepared a series of automobile road maps, showing the main routes from one province to another, also a number of interesting booklets, including "Vacations in Canada," which describe the tourist attractions of each province. These will be sent to any of our readers planning a vacation. Applicants should state the areas in which they are interested.



OF COURSE DAUGHTER WILL HAVE A GUMPE DRESS—BECOMES ELDER SISTER AND MOTHER HAVE TAKEN UP THIS VOGUE

This darling dress calls for the minimum of material, and as far as the maker is concerned, you can see for yourself, it's child's play! The dress with deep armholes and deep square neck, has an attached yoked skirt. A French blue and white batiste print with deep blue bindings was used to fashion it. The separate guimpe, with darling, puff sleeves was of pale blue sheer batiste. Small daughter can indulge in numbers of guimpes, for instance a white Swiss dotted in blue would be lovely. Then again, it would be entirely different and very unusual with the guimpe made of white batiste striped in the deeper blue.

Style No. 435 is designed for sizes 6, 8, 10 and 12 years. Size 10 requires 1 1/2 yards of 39-inch material for dress with 1 1/2 yards of 35-inch material for blouse and 2 1/2 yards of binding.

Price of pattern 25 cents in stamps or coin (coin is preferred.) Wrap coin carefully.

How To Order Patterns
Address: Winnipeg Newspaper Union,
175 McDermott Ave., Winnipeg

Pattern No. Size.

Name

Town

Much of the damage to wool, fur, and feathers for which clothes moths are blamed is really done by carpet beetles.

Elephants have been known to live 200 years.

Repair Vessels At Esquimalt

Summer Overhaul Of C.P.R. Pacific Steamers To Be Made In Canada

Summer overhaul of the Canadian Pacific Railway's Empress liners which ply out of Vancouver, will be done at Esquimalt instead of at Hongkong in future, it is announced by Capt. E. Alkman, general superintendent of Canadian Pacific Steamships, Ltd.

The general overhaul, which takes place every winter, will still be done in the Orient.

The decision, which will bring additional employment for British Columbia workmen, has been reached by agreement with the Dominion Government.

The government has made concessions regarding dock dues and the Canadian Pacific Railway has undertaken to pay the additional cost at labor, which is nearly five times as expensive as that in the Orient.

The new policy will become effective with S.S. Empress of Russia which will go into drydock on July 15. She will be followed in turn by S.S. Empress of Japan, S.S. Empress of Asia and S.S. Empress of Canada.

A "full view" mask, in which the wearer can see on all sides, has been developed in Germany. The new mask is made of a transparent material which takes the place of rubber and fabric in the old mask.

Bird houses may seem attractive if painted red and other gay colors but the birds are more apt to come to live in houses that have a rustic or weathered look.

The city of Bahia, in Brazil, has a 240 foot elevator tower which carries pedestrians from the streets by the bay up to the streets on the hill.



BOOKIE: "Bet you three to one I'm down first!"—The London Opinion, London, England.

Recipes For This Week

(By Betty Barclay)

GOLD COOKIES

2 cups special cake flour, sifted.
1 teaspoon baking powder.
1/2 cup butter or other shortening.
1 cup sugar.
4 egg yolks, unbeaten.
Sift flour once, measure, add baking powder, and sift again. Cream butter, add sugar gradually, and cream together until light and fluffy. Add egg yolks, one at a time, beating thoroughly after each addition. Add flour, chill. Roll into balls 3/4 inch in diameter. Roll some balls in mixture of chopped nuts and cinnamon, and remaining ones in tiny colored candies. Bake in moderate oven (350 degrees Fahrenheit) 15 minutes, using lower grate during first half of baking period and upper grate during last half. Makes 3 1/2 to 4 dozen cookies.

COCONUT SOUFFLE

2 tablespoons butter, melted.
3 tablespoons flour.
4 tablespoons sugar.
3/4 cup milk.
3 egg yolks, well beaten.
4 egg whites, stiffly beaten.
1 can coconut, southern style, chopped.
Dash of salt.
1 teaspoon vanilla.
Blend butter and flour, add sugar and milk, and cook in double boiler until thick and smooth, stirring constantly. Cool slightly and add egg yolks. Fold into egg whites; then fold in coconut, salt, and vanilla. Turn into greased casserole, place in pan of hot water, and bake in moderate oven (375 degrees Fahrenheit) 50 minutes, or until firm. Serve with lemon sauce. Serves 8.

Canada's Newest Metal

Latest Addition To Many Refined Products Is Selenium

Selenium is the latest addition to the numerous refined metal products now being produced in Canada. It is obtained as a by-product in copper refining and was produced for the first time in Canada early in 1931 at Copper Cliff, Ontario.

Canada is now in a position to produce selenium in large quantities but the market for any output is at present restricted, according to Mr. Arthur Buisson of the Dominion Department of Mines, Ottawa. Further researches to develop new uses will undoubtedly create a wider market for this relatively new commercial product.

Selenium is not very abundant in nature, although fairly widely distributed. It is found associated with sulphur compounds and often accompanies the sulphides of heavy metals in the form of selenides. In the electrolytic refining of copper it remains in the slime or residue from which it is afterwards extracted. In its metallic form it is characterized by a unique action toward light, which has made possible the development of the photo-electric cell or "electric eye."

Selenium finds its present chief market in the glass industry where it is used as a colorizer and for neutralizing other colors; it is also used in the pottery industry for the same purpose. In the manufacture of rubber products it serves as a vulcanizing and accelerating agent, and because of its reputed properties of increasing the resistance to abrasion of rubber up to as much as eighty per cent, it may have a large potential market in that industry. One of the most important potential uses is in the production of selenium cells for television transmission and reception.

Britain and Disarmament

Says Natives Of Europe Would Like To See British Army And Navy At Greater Strength

Mr. Lansbury distinguished himself (in a debate upon the British Government's foreign policy) by asking one more of those questions which prove that he has not yet learnt the art of sitting gracefully on a fence. "Against whom are we arming?" The painful crudity of this inquiry drew down on him a severe rebuke. "That," said Sir Austen Chamberlain, "was rather a dangerous question, and it would be more dangerous for the Foreign Secretary to answer it!" However, Sir Austen was at least quite sure that no nation was arming against us. On the contrary, there was "not a nation on the Continent of Europe" which would not like to see the British army and navy bigger and better all round. As a comprehensive testimonial to our own ineffable goodness amid a naughty world this leaves nothing to be desired. "Not a nation," it seems, does not wish more power to our strong right arm. Is it not, then, a little curious that they do not all give effect to this wish? By reducing their own armaments they would increase ours. What could be simpler?—Manchester Guardian.

A Hundred Point Man

Is True To Every Trust and Safe Person To Deal With

"A Hundred Point Man" is one who is true to every trust; who keeps his word; who is loyal to friends and to those who employ him; who does not listen for insults nor look for slights; who carries a civil tongue in his head; who is polite to strangers, and is never "fresh"; who is considerate towards employees; moderate in eating and drinking; who is always willing to learn; who is cautious and yet courageous.

Hundred-point men are safe men to deal with, whether they be chauffeurs, motor men, clerks, cashiers, engineers, teachers or presidents of this and that.

Loyalty In India

Untouchables Carry British Flag At Head Of Procession

British residents of Poona, India, were stirred recently by the sight of a huge Union Jack fluttering at the head of a purely Indian procession. It was the first time such a thing had occurred at Poona for many years.

The procession, which comprised thousands of untouchables, was in honor of the homecoming of M. Ambedkar, a representative of the untouchables at the recent Indian Round Table Conference in London.

"The nations are now shouting for economy, but they are still armed to the teeth."

The capital of the new Manchurian state is Changchun.

Civil Service Act

Private Secretaries Of Cabinet Ministers Will Be Absorbed Into Service

Private secretaries to cabinet ministers who lose their positions when there is a change of government will continue to be absorbed in the civil service provided they have served three years with a minister. The Civil Service act as at present worded enables a secretary to obtain a position in the service in a class not lower than chief clerk any time after he has served one year.

The question of absorbing private secretaries into the service has caused much protest and a great deal of discussion in Ottawa; defenders of the merit system have contended that it is unfair for private secretaries who have never passed a competitive examination to be placed over the heads of old employees in the departments thereby preventing them from being promoted.

When the question was considered by the civil service committee of the House, it was decided to recommend that the practice of absorbing private secretaries into the service without an examination be discontinued. When this recommendation came before the House of Commons in committee it raised a storm of protest. It came up when the bill to implement the recommendations of the committee was before the House.

Members on both sides of the chamber seemed agreed on the principle that a cabinet minister was entitled to a secretary of his own choice in view of the confidential relations that must develop between them. For this reason there must be many dismissals of private secretaries and the ground taken by those members supporting the secretaries was that it would be unfair to put them out of jobs entirely when a government changed.

Forgotten Soldiers

War Office Evidently Over-Looked Some Detailed For Special Duty

There must have been more than one case similar to the story told by Mr. Cedric Hardwicke in his recently-published autobiography, of the two British soldiers who, detailed to look after a rifle range at Havre in 1914, remained there forgotten until the end of the war, when they reported themselves and claimed five years' back pay, states Candide in the Sunday Pictorial, who himself came across the men in a similar position at Innsbruck, the chief town of the Austrian Tyrol, three years after the war had ended. Dining in a hotel there, he was surprised to see at a nearby table a British captain in uniform. They got into conversation, and he said that he had been sent there in 1915 and was convinced he had been forgotten by the War Office. "Why don't you get in touch with London?" asked the writer. "Why should I?" was his answer. "This is a cheap place in which to live."

In Plain Language

Congressman Jack Garner, speaker of the House, whose pet aversion is pussyfooting, once conducted an investigation in which he expressed doubts of the truth of one witness' testimony. Later a reporter not at the hearing, interviewing Garner, asked the congressman if he had questioned the veracity of this witness.

"No," said Garner.

"Did you express doubt of his truthfulness?" the reporter continued.

"I should say not."

"Did you tell him you suspected him of falsifying?"

"By no means. Say, boy, what you trying to get at anyway? I did call the fellow a damn liar, if that's what you mean."

Scientists have discovered that gasoline can be manufactured from cotton.

We owe the introduction of sugarcane into Europe to the Arabs.



"James, have you a pocket knife?" "Yes, sir."

"Then carve two hearts crossed by an arrow on this tree."—Wahre Jakob, Berlin.

Keep Well with Eno's Help

If you are healthy, take ENO... When you are not well, take ENO, for in most cases the beginning of all ailments is in the intestinal tract. ENO'S "Fruit Salt" rids the intestinal tract of all the accumulated poisonous waste matter. Be ENO conscious. Start taking ENO'S "Fruit Salt" to-day.

ENO'S FRUIT SALT

THE HOUSE OF DREAMS-COME-TRUE

— BY —

MARGARET FEDLER
Author of
"The Splendid Folly," "The Hermit of Far East,"
Hodder & Stoughton, Ltd., London.

CHAPTER XXII.

"Willing Or Unwilling."

It was over. A bare twenty yards from the brow of the hill the man had won, and now the mare was standing, swaying between the shafts, shaking in every limb, her flanks heaving and the sweat streaming off her sodden coat in little rivulets.

Burke was beside her, patting her down and talking to her in a little intimate fashion much as though he were soothing a frightened child.

"You're all in, aren't you, old thing?" he murmured sympathetically. Then he glanced up at Jean, who was still sitting in the cart, feeling rather as though the end of the world had occurred and, in some surprising fashion, left her still cumbering the earth.

"She's pretty well run herself out," he remarked. "We shan't have any more trouble going home"—smiling briefly.

"I hope not," answered Jean a trifle faintly.

"You all right?"

She nodded.

"Yes, thank you. You must be an excellent whip," she added. "I thought the mare would never stop."

Probably even Jean hardly realized the fitness of the horsewoman of which she had just been a witness—the judgment and coolness Burke had evinced in letting the mare spend the first freshness of her strength before he essayed to check her mad pace; the dexterity with which he had somehow contrived to keep her straight; and finally, the consummate skill with which, that last half-mile, he had played her mouth, rejecting the dead pull on the reins—the instinctive error of the mediocre driver—which so quickly numbs sensation and neutralizes every effort to bring a runaway to a standstill.

"Yes, I rather thought our number was up," agreed Burke absently. He was passing his hands feelingly over the mare to see if she were all right, and suddenly, with a sharp exclamation, he lifted one of her feet from the ground and examined it.

"Cast a shoe and torn her foot rather badly," he announced. "I'm afraid we shall have to stop at the next village and get her shod. It's not a mile further on. You and I can have tea at the inn while she's at the blacksmith's."

With a final caress of the steaming chestnut neck, he came back to the side of the cart, reins in hand.

"Can you drive her with a torn foot?" queried Jean.

"Oh, yes. We'll have to go carefully down this hill, though. There are such a confounded lot of loose stones about."

He climbed into the dog-cart and very soon they had reached the village where the chestnut, tired and subdued, was turned over to the blacksmith's ministrations while Burke and Jean made their way to the inn.

Tea was brought to them upstairs in a quaint, old-fashioned parlour

Try Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound



Had had dizzy spells
Afraid to leave house... feared awful dizziness would make her reel over. She needs Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound in tablet form.

W. N. U. 1944

When at last he released her, she leant helplessly against the woodwork of the window, panting and shaken. Her face was white as a magnolia petal and her eyes dark-rimmed with purple shadow.

A faint expression of compunction crossed Burke's face.

"I suppose—I shall never be forgiven now," he muttered roughly. With an effort Jean forced her tongue to answer him.

"No," she said in a voice out of which every particle of feeling seemed to have departed. "You will never be forgiven."

A look of deviltry came into his eyes. He crossed the room and, locking the door, dropped the key into his pocket.

"I think," he remarked coolly, "in that case, I'd better keep you a prisoner here till you have promised to marry me. It's you I want. Your forgiveness can come after. I'll see to that."

The result of his action was unexpected. Jean turned to the window, unfastened it, and flung open the casement.

"If you don't unlock that door at once, Geoffrey," she said quietly, "I shall leave the room—this way"—with a gesture that sufficiently explained her meaning.

Her voice was very steady. Burke looked at her curiously.

"Do you mean—you'd jump out?" he asked, openly incredulous.

Her eyes answered him. They were feverishly bright, with an almost fatalistic light in them, and suddenly Burke realized that she was at the end of her tether, that the emotional stress of the last quarter of an hour had taken its toll of her high-strung temperament and that she might even do what she had threatened. He had no conception of the motive behind the threat—the imperative determination which had leaped to life within her to endure or suffer any—

thing rather than stay locked in this room with Burke, rather than give Elaine, the man who held her heart between his two hands, ground for misunderstanding or mistrusting her again.

(To Be Continued.)

Little Helps For This Week

"And let us not be weary in well doing; for in due season we shall reap if we faint not."—Galatians vi. 9.

A commonplace life we say, and we sigh.

But why should we sigh we say?

The commonplace sun in the commonplace sky.

Make up the commonplace day: The moon and the stars are commonplace things.

And the flower that blooms, and the bird that sings!

But dark were the world and sad our lot,

If the flowers failed and the sun shone not;

And God, who studies each separate soul,

Out of commonplace lives makes His beautiful whole.

—Susan Coolidge.

The course of life is a thousand trifles, then some crisis, and again a thousand trifles and a crisis: nothing but green leaves under common sun and shadow; and then a storm or a rare June day. And far more than the storm or the perfect day the common sun and common shadow do to make the autumn rich. It is the "every day" that count. They must be made to tell, or the years have failed.

—William Channing Gannett.

Produced Hot Ice

Water Becomes Solid At 180 Degrees In Harvard Experiment

Ice hot enough to burn one severely has been produced by Professor P. W. Bridgman of Harvard University, according to the Industrial Bulletin of Arthur D. Little, Inc. for April. High pressures are used to produce hot ice. Ice which melts at 4 degrees below zero is obtained at 30,000 pounds pressure and at 300,000 pounds pressure water remains solid at 180 degrees Fahrenheit.

Professor Bridgman's method of producing high pressures is described by him as simple. "Take a large, thick block of steel, bore a hole in it, and put liquid into the hole," he says. "Then put into the top of the hole a plug which will not leak, and push on the plug. A limit of the high pressure obtainable is set by two things: the leaking of the plug and the yielding of the steel container."

In a few cases pressures up to 600,000 pounds have been reached. The danger of the process is seen by the fact that it has been found necessary to set some pieces of apparatus behind the boiler plate to protect the operators, for such extreme pressures are ten to twenty times those in long-range guns.

No girl should marry a man until they've tried to pick out a wall-paper together.

Why Gamble With Your **HEALTH**
Investigate Electro-Magnetism
Write For Free Booklet
"THE WHY AND HOW OF HEALTH."
RADIO TALK: CJRW Monday 12.15 Noon

606 McArthur Bldg. Winnipeg, Man.
Dist. V W

A Suds Motor

Futuristic Automobile Engine Gyles

Increased Power

Detroit has the first suds motor—a futuristic automobile engine.

Using soap suds to cool its pistons and water in its exhaust valves, the engine develops a big increase in power—one-third more than gasoline alone.

The suds and water are not fuels but super-coolers. They demonstrate the profit in super-cooling certain extra hot spots in the present type engine.

This motor is set up in a research laboratory under direction of Earl Bartholomew. It is a "one cylinder" possessing only a single cylinder, three and one-quarter inches by five.

It is also high compression. So high that compression alone can ignite the gasoline unless the suds and water are turned on. Cooling the exhaust

valve alone increases power eight per cent. The valve is hollow, permitting water to flow through its interior.

THE RHYMING OPTIMIST

By Aline Michaelis

SONG OF REST

After the day, the twilight,
Shadows that swiftly throng;
After the tempest, the calmness;
Silence after the song.

After the hours of toiling,
Conquering stubborn earth,
Rest with the well-beloved,
Music and food and mirth.

After the frantic pulses
Hammering with desire,
Peace for a little season,
After fierce passion's fire.

After the long swim, breathing
Force of the tide that raves,
Floating at ease, and drifting,
 buoyed by the singing waves.

After the empty laughter,
After vain pomp is through,
Safe in a tranquil harbor,
Sea-wind and stars—and you!

—

Monte Carlo Feels Depression.

Profits Of Famous Gambling Place Have Fallen Off

For the first time in history, the Casino at Monte Carlo has passed its annual dividend, and to bolster its shrunken profits it has installed slot machines to lure small coins from the small fry as well as the big. Last year's profits were only about \$1,300,000. The famous gambling place is just another business caught in the depression. For 65 years it has catered to spendthrifts with money to spend. Today its clients are mostly potential spendthrifts only.

Ferriani Balm is irresistibly appealing to all women who appreciate charm and elegance. Its use keeps the complexion always clear and beautiful. Tonic in effect. Stimulates the skin and makes it wonderfully soft-textured. Softens and whitens the hands. Ferriani Balm is equally valuable to men as an excellent hair fixative and cooling shaving lotion. Splendid also to protect the tender skin of the child.

The Timid Soul

"You remember when you cured my rheumatism a couple of years ago," asked the patient, "and you told me that I should avoid dampness?"

"Yes, that's right," replied the doctor, approvingly.

"Well, I've come to ask you if I can take a bath."

"Her husband was a judge, wasn't he?"

"Everybody thought so till he married her."

The more one observes great men in time of stress, the more one wonders what made them great.

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Contract Bridge

By Hamlin B. Hatch, Cavendish Club Toronto

(Article No. 1.)

The greatest asset any contract bridge player can possess is the ability to play partnership. The basis of success in the game is good partnership. The first thing, therefore, for the contract player to learn is partnership methods. The essence of partnership is, primarily, partnership language, and the basis of language is conventions. In other words, it is necessary for partnership purposes, that certain precise meanings be given to the language used in the contracting. These meanings are known as conventions and the difference in these conventions, is the basis of the difference in all the so-called contract systems now being put before the contract player. It must be understood that any system is an attempt to make easy to learn the methods the good card player has used for many years, and that the fundamental differences in all these systems are slight.

Besides conventions a good partner must make it a habit to study, whenever the opportunity arises, the temperament, morale, and technique of his partner. By temperament is meant the way a partner reacts. Does he lose his poise when the breaks are against him and does this loss of poise affect his game, or does he remain calm and collected in the face of adversity? If your partner never loses his poise then half the battle of partnership is won. By morale is meant how your partner's courage is affected by adversity and what effect does adversity have on your partner's intellectual processes? If your partner has had breaks does he underbid or overbid? Or is he not affected at all by the ups and downs of the game? He thinks that every time he holds an Ace Queen, that the King is over him, that everytime he holds a King Jack that the Ace Queen is over him, then, this may affect him to such an extent that he will consistently underbid. A good partner, under these circumstances, when playing with a partner who is suffering from the complex outlined above will offset these conditions by overbidding his own hand.

By technique is meant your partner's actual ability in the play of the cards. Does he or does he not get all the tricks possible? If he consistently drops a trick in the play of the hand, then a good partner when playing with a poor technician will underbid his hands, when the poor technician is the contractor. If on the other hand, your partner is a good technician, then your partner's value limit it.

A good player must always adapt himself to his partner. And adaptability is one of the strongest assets of any player. If you have an unskilled partner, you must not try to lift him up by his bootstraps to your level. You must sing to his. No partner, member and to have successful partnership, the partners must meet on the same intellectual plane.

Further be pleasant and affable. Do not "rag" your partner. Keep the etiquette cordial established. Never, if possible, lose your poise. And if your partner has a set system of playing the game, then for that particular partnership, play the game your partner plays and do not try to cram down his throat any of your own pet idiosyncrasies.

If then, you will realize that the theme song of contract bridge is partnership and more partnership, and that winning depends on partnership as outlined above, you will be well on the road to success, and even if your own technique is weak, you will be seventy-five per cent. good player provided you play good partnership.

Keeping Within Range

Speakers broadcasting over the British Broadcasting Co. system in the future will be "tied" to the microphone. A small ribbon will be run from the speaker's coat lapel to the microphone, so, regardless of how much he gesticulates or walks up and down the platform, the listeners will be assured perfect reception.

Douglas' Egyptian Liniment relieves toothache, headache, neuralgia in cases of croup, sore throat and quinsy. Keep a bottle handy.

Water-Power Sites In Canada The developed water-power sites of the Dominion of Canada are estimated to have a capacity of 20,347,000 horse-power under conditions of ordinary minimum flow, or 33,617,200 horse-power ordinarily dependable at least six months of the year.

Hotbeds heated by electricity are rapidly gaining favor in British Columbia.

In 74 instances out of 103 the country's largest city is also the capital.

"YES, I AM 40 YEARS OLD!"
says Irene Rich



"YES, I am 40 years old. I don't mind confessing it a bit," says Irene Rich, "and I have two grown daughters of whom I am very proud. A screen star never worries about birthday, you know."

But, in Hollywood, they guard complexion beauty above all else. They know it says youth quicker than anything else.

How does this lovely star guard complexion beauty above all else? "I have used Lux Toilet Soap regularly for years," she says, "and am very grateful for it."

Surely you will want to try this fragrant, white soap. The caress of dollar-a-cake French soap for 10c.



IRENE RICH and her two daughters (left to right) Frances, twenty-one years old, Jane (in foreground), fifteen, Irene, mother, actually 40! (above). One of Miss Rich's recent photographs.

One Of Canada's Largest Lakes

Great Bear Lake, the fourth largest on the North American Continent, has an area, according to the best information available, of 11,653 square miles. The Topographical Survey, Department of the Interior, Ottawa, has recently issued a map on the scale of eight miles to an inch including the whole lake.

A black bear cub at birth is a tiny thing, usually tipping the scales at less than a pound.

No more dusting for me!



at least not with old-fashioned dust cloths. I've found a better way.

Thousands of Canadian women know that the "better way" is the Appliflor Wonder Paper. Made from clean rags and soft paper pulp scientifically treated with high-grade furniture polish, it dusts as it cleans—as it polishes.

Wonder Paper is changing the old-established order of house-cleaning. One neat package of it appeals more to women than yards of old rags that spread dust and constantly need washing to be sanitary.

You get twenty-five sheets of Wonder Paper for a quarter. Simply crumple a sheet into a soft ball, go over the furniture, woodwork, and the floors. The results are a delight. In half the time and with half the effort, you get a necessary task done more satisfactorily.

And when you're through, throw away the piece of Wonder Paper. No shaking out, or washing, or dusting. Certainly you ought to try Wonder Paper.

Special Offer

WONDER PAPER is made by the makers of the famous PARA-SANI, the Heavy Waxed Paper in the Green Box. Most grocery, hardware and department stores have Appliflor Wonder Paper in stock. If you can't just send this coupon and we'll give you a booklet entitled "Lettovers," containing one hundred recipes, as a bonus.

Appliflor Paper Products, Ltd., Hamilton, Ontario.

Enclosed find 25c for which please send me one package of The Wonder Paper and your 100 recipes for "Lettovers."

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Address.....

My dealer is.....

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Grocery Specials

Golden Cup Coffee 39c
1 China Cup and Saucer, and
1 lb. Choice Blended Coffee

New Raisins 64c
New Sultana Raisins.
4 Lbs. for

TEA 39c
1 lb. Choice Indo Ceylon Tea,
1 Chip proof Glass,

Chocolate Fingers 29c
Dainty Fig Fingers Choco-
late Coated. Per Lb.

Prunes 48c
Big Juicy, 30 - 40's. 4 Lbs.
(Do you like Good Prunes? Try these!)

Honey Graham Wafers 19c
1 Lb. Cellophane Sealed Packet

Dill Pickles 25c
Choice Dills, No. 2 1-2 Can

Sat. Mon. and Tues.
EXTRA SPECIALS

SCHEPPS COCOANUT — 35c
Schepp's Sweetened Cocoanut,
2 Lbs. for

MALKINS BAKING POWDER, 69c
Malkins Best Baking Powder,
2 1-2 Lbs. for

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Complete Furnishings for a
Six Room House

—Including—

PIANO, RADIO, HIGHCLASS CHESTER-
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ELECTRIC WASHING MACHINE,
And Other Articles.

EVERYTHING WILL BE SOLD

Mrs. Irene Hardy, Owner

J. W. STUART, Auctioneer

Main Street

For some reason Tuesday night's train was delayed till around 2 A.M. Born to Mr. and Mrs. K. Allan, Thursday, June 2nd, a son.

Mrs. Victor Larson has been spending a few days in the City. Miss Smallwood completed her training course at the Royal Alexandra Hospital, Edmonton.

Mr. E. W. Mills of Edmonton was a week end visitor at the smallwood home on Strawberry Plains.

While riding a horse Sunday, Wilmer Ray, was thrown and fractured his right leg.

Mr. and Mrs. J. R. Geeson returned from Edmonton late Wednesday night after a very muddy trip.

While working a brush cutter Wednesday, Mr. Louis Larson met with a serious accident when he cut his foot.

Dr. Greenberg was called and considered he will be able to save the foot.

Mr. H. C. Jamieson and his son Frand, arrived in Irma last Saturday night from Vancouver to spend a week at their farm east of Irma.

Denzil and Donald Skiles spent the week end with Mr. and Mrs. Skiles at Irma, while on their way to Jasper Park Lodge after spending the winter in Winnipeg.

Tuesday, Mr. B. Hansen, working on the Wiese farm on Strawberry Plains met with a serious accident when he was knocked against one of the levers of the disk he was operating.

We understand that a new train service will be inaugurated on June 12th by the C. N. railway. Train handling local passengers will pass through Irma going West in the late afternoon and trains going east will pass Irma in the forenoon.

Mrs. J. Karluk was in Edmonton Tuesday visiting her husband who has been in the R. A. hospital recovering from an operation. Mr. Karluk expects to return home within a week.

The Irma and surrounding districts have been favored with showers almost every day for the past week. All crops are growing fast and the farmers are smiling, except those that are trying to draw last season's crop of wheat out before the 5c bonus is cancelled on the 15th.

We are sorry no one reminded us of the Jarrow Sports day. No intimation or announcement has been handed to the Times and the first intimation we had of it was when we saw one of the bills the middle of the week. Jarrow always has a good crowd and we hope today will beat all records.

Here and There

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A fine steel piano wire runs now 124 miles from Newfoundland to the Azores. This is not to provide the mermals with strings for their harps, but to measure exactly the distance between the two points. A cable was laid recently and it was impossible to otherwise determine the precise distance travelled by the cable-laying ship.

Travellers aboard the Canadian Pacific Railway's crack summer flyer, the Trans-Canada Limited, will be surprised this year to find colourful upholstery, green tiled bathrooms, sofas, settees, a playground in conservatory and other unusual features. Special sleeping, dining, and lounge-solarium cars have been designed and built at the company's Montreal Angus shops for this de luxe transcontinental train, which will be one of the fastest and finest long distance trains in the world.

A REPRESENTATIVE

—of—

Morton's Limited

Edmonton

WILL BE SHOWING

THE LATEST IN

Women's Dresses
and Coats

AT THIS STORE

Friday, June 10th

Nu-Way Stores Ltd.

WANT ADS

FOR SALE—One Berkshire Boar, one year old or will trade for good calf or colt. — N. L. Fuder, Phone No. 408, Irma. 18-20P.

FOR SALE—Reward Wheat, 50s per bushel. F. C. Welse, Irma, Alta. 3tc.

WILL TRADE—A McLaughlin touring car for work horses.—W. E. Inkin, Phone 314, Irma. 3tc.

FOR SALE OR TRADE—Holstein Bull, Keyes Prince Echo No. 75372; Harold Whidden, Jarrow. 15-17P.

STRAYED—From Section 33-47-9, with, One Clyde Gelding, weight 1600 lbs., white face, branded C6 on right flank.—\$5.00 reward. F. C. Lukens, Irma, Alta. 14-17P4

FOR SALE OR TRADE—for cattle, good Ford Car with truck box. — H. W. Love, Irma, Alta. 4tc.

WILL TRADE Bees for a Good Fresh Milk Cow.—H. W. Love, Irma, Alta. 4tc.

FOR SALE—White Blossom Sweet Clover Seed; 4 cents per lb. or \$4.00 per cwt. — J. H. Armitage. 4tc.

The Irma Rebekah Lodge No. 87 are having a Lawn Social on Wednesday afternoon, June 15th at the home of Mr. and Mrs. Martin Knudson. Everybody welcome.

Here and There

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Born on Canadian Pacific Railway (over "The Dominion," near Kanaka, British Columbia, recently, a child has been christened Christina Patricia Rosalind, the names being arranged to make the initials "C.P.R." in honor of her birth on the railway. Little Miss C.P.R. is the daughter of Mr. and Mrs. J. Peterson, of North Vancouver, B.C.

"The biggest and most brilliant season of winter sports in the history of Quebec City," is the description of the forthcoming festivities at the Ancient Capital received at general tourist headquarters of the Canadian Pacific recently. The season which is now open will include four high lights: the Fete de Nuit, January 20; the Ice Pageant, February 12-13; the International Dog Sled Derby of 120 miles, February 20-22; and the Masquerade Ball at the Chateau Frontenac, February 21.

Sugared strawberries from British Columbia put up in cartons found a ready market this year. About 100,000 pounds were bought by American interests and large quantities were bought in Eastern Canada. It returned about seven cents a pound to the grower.

Nine years ago, Mrs. W. A. Freeman, of Ardenode, Alberta, a native of Wisconsin, won a pair of bronze turkeys in a raffle. To-day she has the largest turkey ranch in Canada and is the acknowledged queen of turkey raising in the Dominion. Her turkeys will return a revenue of \$10,000 this year.

Coming for the first time to Saskatchewan, the Western Canada Fox Show will be held December 2-4 at Saskatoon. At Winnipeg last year more than 200 foxes from as far as Prince Edward Island, were shown. Even greater interest is expected in this year's Show.

Directors of the Co-operative Wholesale Society of Great Britain who recently concluded a tour of Canada have expressed themselves as greatly interested in the World's Grain Show to be held at Regina in 1932 and have indicated that in all probability they will visit the Exhibition and Conference at that time.

Quality Goods

For Sat. June 4th to June 10th

Pekoe Tip Tea 45c
Per Lb. Pkge.,

Nash's Coffee 39c
In Sealed 1 lb. Carton,

Blue Mill Cocoa 23c
Per Lb. Carton

Sardines 21c
Brunswick Brand, 4 Tins for

Quaker Crackels 25c
2 Packages for

Canned Pumpkin 14c
Per Tin

Canned Raspberries 18c
No. 1 Tins, Per Tin

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E. Lechelt, Manager

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EVERYTHING NEWEST—Rates \$2.00 to \$3.00
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RATES: \$1.00; BATHS \$1.50 Weekly and Monthly Rates.

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Guaranteed to kill all Flies and Insects
At Greatly Reduced Prices.

WHEN IN TOWN CALL AT HOUSE

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